# CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Prepared by: Christy Maggi City Administrator

Wendee Seaton

City Clerk/Chief Financial Officer

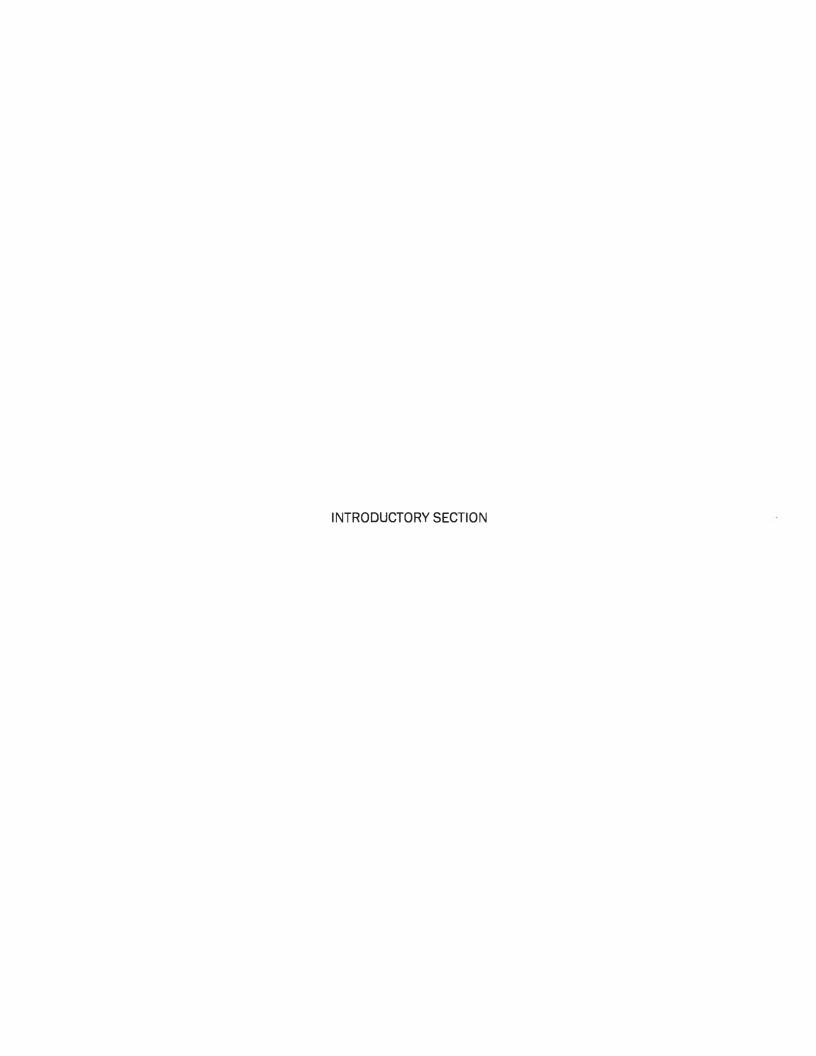


# CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	Page
Letter of Transmittal Principal Officials Organizational Chart Certificate of Achievement	1-3 4 5 6
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	7 - 9
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	10 - 18
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund Notes to Financial Statements	19 - 20 21 22 23 24 - 25 26 - 27 28 - 29 30 31 - 32 33 - 59
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Major Special Revenue Funds Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules Schedule of Employer's Contributions Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability	60 - 61 62 - 64 65 66 67
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
General Fund Components - Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Budgetary Comparison Schedule Proprietary Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	68 - 69 70 71 - 72 73 - 74
in Net Position - Budget and Actual	75

# CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI TABLE OF CONTENTS

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	Page
Net Assets/Position by Component	76
Changes in Net Assets/Position	77 - 78
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	79
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Modified Accrual	80 - 81
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property	82
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	83
Principal Property Taxpayers	84
Property Tax Levies and Collections	85
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates	86
Taxable Sales by Category	87
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	88
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	89
Computation of Legal Debt Margin	90
Pledged-Revenue Coverage	91
Demographic Statistics	92
Principal Employers	93
Schedule of Property Value, Construction Permits Issued, and Total Dollars on Deposit at Year End with Local Banks and Savings	
and Loans	94
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	95
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	96
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/	
Program	97
ACCOMPANY/NO INTODIALTION	
ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION	
Schedule of Sales Tax Collections (Unaudited)	98
REPORT REQUIRED UNDER GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	99 - 100
Schedule of Findings and Responses	101
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	102







January 7, 2020

# To the Mayor and City Council:

Attached is a copy of the annual report for the City of Clinton, Missouri, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. This report was prepared for your information and use as well as the use of citizens, vendors, developers, and other businesses. The responsibility for the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures, rests with the management of the City of Clinton. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects, that it fairly sets forth the financial position of the City, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to understand the financial affairs of the City have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is prepared in accordance with the Missouri Constitution Article VI Section 24 requirement that prescribes "by law all counties, cities, other legal subdivisions of the state, and public utilities owned and operated by such subdivisions shall have an annual budget, file annual reports of their financial transactions, and be audited" and is intended to meet those requirements.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, this report encompasses all funds and entities of the primary government (the City of Clinton) for which the City Council is financially accountable to its constituents. Based upon this criteria, the various funds are shown in the table of contents included with this report.

# PROFILE OF THE CITY

The City of Clinton is a third-class city organized and incorporated under the laws of the State of Missouri in 1836. The City has an elected Mayor and City Council and operates under the City Administrator plan. The City Administrator is appointed by the Mayor and City Council. The City Attorney is also appointed by the Mayor and City Council, after changes to the City Code.

The City provides a full range of municipal services authorized by statute. These include law enforcement, fire protection, wastewater collection and disposal, solid waste disposal, animal control, code enforcement, street repair and maintenance, community development, and economic development. In addition, the City provides an airport, a cemetery, community development services, parks and recreation facilities and programs, general administrative services, and an area transportation service that provides transportation to persons of all ages within the city limits.

# FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls to ensure the protection of City assets, and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled for the presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met, recognizing that: (1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits derived and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The accounts of the City are organized in funds, which are considered separate accounting entities. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which comprise its assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, and expenses. The funds are grouped by type in the basic financial statements.

Accounting records for the City's governmental operations are maintained on the modified accrual basis, with revenues being recorded when measurable and available and expenditures being recorded when liability is incurred. The City's accounting records for proprietary funds are maintained on the accrual basis.

Controls are maintained to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Activities of the various funds are included in the annual budget. Purchase orders that will result in overruns of line item balances can be issued with the approval of the City Administrator provided there are no overruns in the fund appropriation. An overrun in any fund must be approved by the City Council and a supplemental budget adopted.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) can be found on pages 10 through 18. The MD&A is designed to complement the transmittal letter and should be read in conjunction with it.

# ENTERPRISE FUND

The City operates the Sewer Department as an enterprise fund. This fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise where the stated intent is to finance the cost, including depreciation, of providing sewer service on a continuing basis through user charges.

# LOCAL ECONOMY

Local economic activity remained fairly stable during the year. Taxable sales are shown on page 85 of the Statistical Section which presents categorical 10-year history for the calendar years from information provided by the Missouri Department of Revenue.

# LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City's comprehensive plan identifies capital needs, the first step towards creating a long-range capital improvements program. It will be necessary to secure long-term funding sources in order to implement the capital improvement program.

# MAJOR PROJECTS AND ACTIVITIES

In May 2018, the City secured financing via a 10-year lease purchase program to assist in the payment of the aerial fire truck purchased in the prior year. The lease will be paid using revenue from the 1/4% Fire Protection Tax which the City started to collect within the fiscal year.

Construction on street projects financed in the prior year began within fiscal year 2018. Two projects have been completed and two projects will be completed in fiscal year 2020. Additional projects may occur, depending on any remaining balance in the account for proceeds from the sale of certificates of participation. Semi-annual payments on the lease will be made using revenue from the 1/4% Transportation Tax. Final payment for the lease will be made on December 1, 2037.

# CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

The following schedule lists the major capital improvement expenditures for the year ending September 30, 2019:

Police vehicles and equipment	38,441
Park vehicles and equipment	39,970
Fire department vehicles and equipment	334,193
Fire department building improvements	28,831
Airport improvements	280,349
Cemetary equipment	18,000
Street improvements and land	2,092,558
Street equipment	36,374
Sewer improvements and equipment	228,512
Total	3,097,228

# **AWARD**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Clinton, Missouri, for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

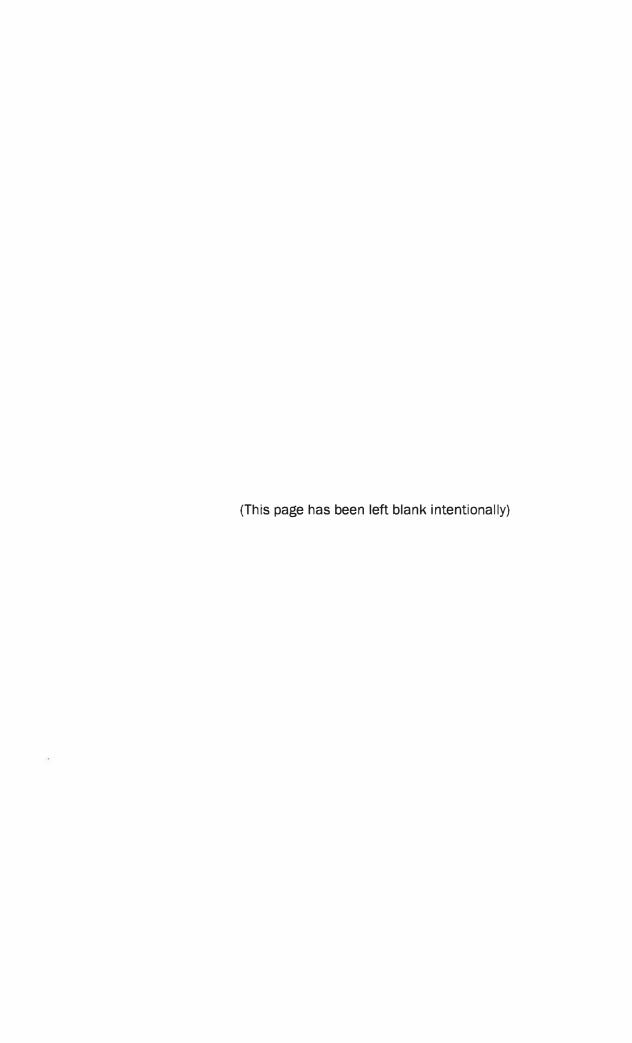
A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

# INDEPENDENT AUDIT

Each year an independent audit is made of the City's financial records. The auditor selected by the City Council to conduct the annual audit was Dana F. Cole & Company, LLP. The preparation of this comprehensive report was accomplished through the efforts of the administrative staff of the City and in cooperation with the City's auditor, Dana F. Cole & Company, LLP.

Respectfully submitted,

Wendee Seaton, City Clerk/Chief Financial Officer



# PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

# **ELECTED OFFICIALS**

Mayor Greg Lowe

Ward I Council Members Daniel Wilson

Debbie Smith

Ward II Council Members Kenneth F. Scott, Jr.

Carla Moberly

Ward III Council Members Becky Raysik

Cameron Jackson

Ward IV Council Members Rick Pereles

Gene Henry

# ADMINISTRATOR AND DEPARTMENT HEADS

City Administrator Christy Maggi

City Clerk/Chief Financial Officer Wendee Seaton

Chief of Police Kevin Miller

Community Development Director Charles Bailey

Fire Chief Leo Huff

Parks and Recreation Director Brad Combs

Municipal Judge Gary V. Cover

Street Superintendent T.J. Williams

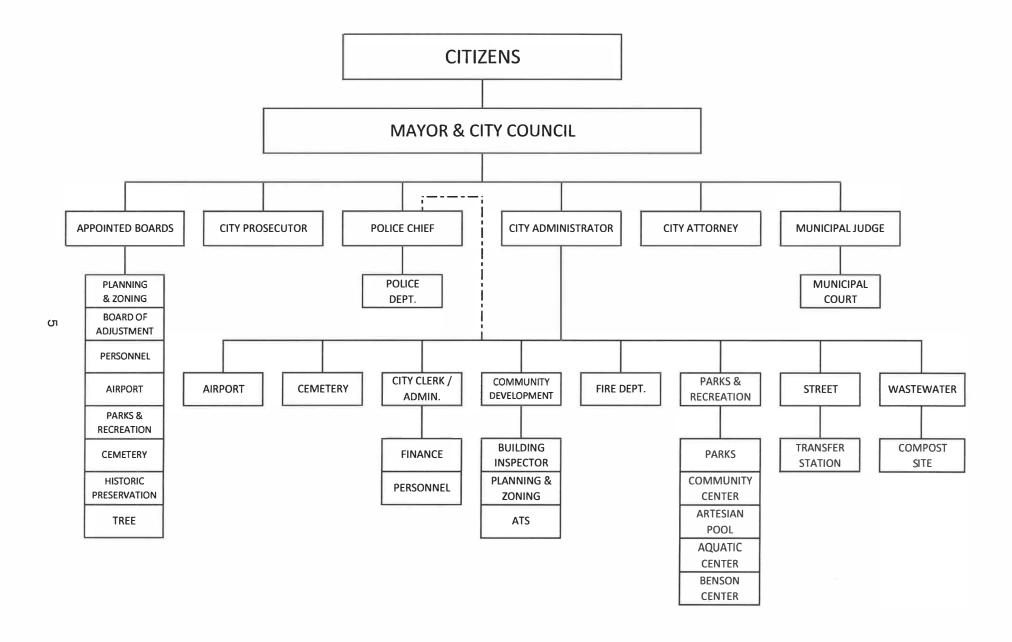
Wastewater Superintendent Clifford Jordan

Cemetery Sexton John Wilson

City Attorney Douglas Harris

City Prosecutor Brandon Baker









# Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Clinton Missouri

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

**September 30, 2018** 

**Executive Director/CEO** 

Churtopher P. Morrill









# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Clinton, Missouri

# Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Clinton, Missouri, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clinton, Missouri, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 10 - 18, the budgetary comparison information on pages 60 - 65, the schedule of employer's contributions on page 66, and the schedule of changes in net pension liability on page 67 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Clinton, Missouri's basic financial statements. The introductory section on pages 1 - 6, combining schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - general fund components on pages 68 - 69, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements on pages 70 - 72, budgetary comparison schedules on pages 73 - 75, statistical section on pages 76 - 97, and schedule of sales tax collections on page 98 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - general fund components on pages 68 - 69, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements on pages 68 - 70, and the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 73 - 75 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information on pages 68 - 75 is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section on pages 1 - 6, statistical section on pages 76 - 97, and accompanying information (schedule of sales tax collections) on page 98, which are the responsibility of management, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 7, 2020, on our consideration of the City of Clinton, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Clinton, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dana Flole+Company, LLP

Overland Park, Kansas January 7, 2020

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Clinton, Missouri's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter on pages 1 - 3 and the City's financial statements, which begin on page 19.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The City's total assets totaled \$49 million at the end of the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019. In comparison to the year ended September 30, 2018, total assets increased more than \$611 thousand from their prior year ending balance. The City's unrestricted cash and investments decreased by \$476 thousand primarily due to continuing capital and infrastructure improvements. The balance of the City's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$1.6 million from the prior year as current year additions exceeded current year depreciation expense.

Sales taxes make up a significant portion of the City's revenue. Total sales tax revenue increased by \$157 thousand from the prior year due to increased spending in the area and additional sales taxes collected. In the governmental-type activities, City revenues exceeded expenses by \$581 thousand.

The business-type activities reported a reduction in net assets before general revenues of \$572 thousand and the inclusion of general revenues resulted in an overall decrease in net position of \$404 thousand.

# USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities on pages 19 - 21 provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 22. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds.

# REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Our analysis of the City's government-wide statements begins on page 11. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in it. You can think of the City's net position - the difference between assets and liabilities - as one way to measure the City's financial health or financial position.

# REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE (Continued)

Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads, to assess the overall health of the City.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities - Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including general government, public safety, streets, and the parks department. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities - The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's sewer system is reported here.

# REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Our analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 15. The fund financial statements begin on page 22 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The City's two kinds of funds - governmental and proprietary - use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds - Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in reconciliations on the pages following the respective fund statement.

Proprietary funds - When the City charges customers for the services it provides - whether to outside customers or to other units of the City - these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. In fact, the City's proprietary funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

# ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The City's combined net position increased \$176 thousand compared to an increase of \$632 thousand last year. Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

# Statement of Net Position (Thousands of dollars)

	Governi Activi 2019		Busines Activ		Tot	2018	% Change 2019 - 2018
ASSETS Current and other assets Net pension asset Capital assets Total assets	8,309 24,684 32,993	8,709 420 22,782 31,911	6,451 9,428 15,879	6,701 9,675 16,376	14,760 34,112 48,872	15,410 420 32,457 48,287	(4.2) (100.0) 5.1 1.2
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Resources to be recognized in future pension expense	170	265	227	77	397	342	16.1
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTLFOWS OF RESOURCES	33,163	32,176	16,106	16,453	49,269	48,629	1.3
LIABILITIES  Long-term debt  Net pension liability  Other liabilities  Total liabilities	7,584 404 581 8,569	7,497 <u>364</u> <u>7,861</u>	22 30 90 142	19 4 242 265	7,606 434 671 8,711	7,516 299 606 8,421	1.2 45.2 10.7 3.4
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Resources to be recognized in future pension expense Total deferred inflows of resources	343	647	<u>271</u> 271	89 89	614	<u>736</u>	(16.6) (16.6)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	8,912	8,508	413	354	9,325	9,157	1.8

# ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS (Continued)

# Statement of Net Position (Continued) (Thousands of dollars)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		% Change
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019 - 2018
NET POSITION							
Net investment in							
capital assets	17,262	19,180	9,428	9,675	26,690	28,855	(7.5)
Restricted		25				25	(100.0)
Unrestricted	6,988	4,463	6,266	6,424	13,254	10,887	21.7
Total net position	24,250	23,668	15,694	16,099	39,944	39,767	0.4

# **Governmental Activities**

<u>Current and Other Assets</u> - Total current and other assets decreased \$401 thousand. Part of this decrease was attributable to a decrease in restricted cash and investments due to the payout of capital lease proceeds received in the prior year.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased \$1,902 million from the prior year mainly due to prior year construction in progress being completed and the completion of various street projects within the year. The City added \$2.8 million in capital outlay, which was offset by \$966 thousand in noncash depreciation expense.

<u>Other Liabilities</u> - Other liabilities increased \$233 thousand. The main increases were seen in accounts payable for normal operating expenditures, capital asset purchases, and liabilities payable from restricted assets.

<u>Net Pension Liability</u> - The net pension liability with the City's multi-employer benefit plan has an allocated balance for the governmental activities of \$404 thousand.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> - Long-term debt increased \$87 thousand, due to the receipt of loan proceeds through the Missouri Traffic Finance Corporation.

Net Position - Governmental net position increased \$581 thousand from the prior year.

# Business-Type Activities

<u>Current and Other Assets</u> - Total current and other assets decreased \$249 thousand. The majority of this decrease was in unrestricted cash.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased \$246 thousand as capital outlay was less than depreciation expense.

# ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS (Continued)

Other Liabilities - The balance of payables at year end decreased more than \$151 thousand from the prior year. The reduction is due to the payment of capital assets recorded as payables in the prior year which were paid in the current year.

Net Position - Business-type net position decreased a total of \$378 thousand.

# Statement of Activities (Thousands of dollars)

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities		al	% Change
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019 - 2018
REVENUES							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	620	584	1,159	1,167	1,779	1,751	1.6
Operating grants	76	239			76	239	(68.2)
Capital grants	1,093	34	7		1,100	34	3,135.3
General revenues							
Property taxes	924	912			924	912	1.3
Sales taxes	4,674	4,517			4,674	4,517	3.5
Franchise taxes	973	1,071			973	1,071	(9.2)
Investment earnings	107	70	165	100	272	170	60.0
Other	261	218	4	2	265	220	20.5
Total revenues	8,728	7,645	1,335	1,269	10,063	8,914	12.9
EXPENSES							
General Government	671	509			671	509	31.8
Public Safety	3,524	2,773			3,524	2,773	27.1
Streets	835	671			835	671	24.4
Parks and Recreation	1,626	1,482			1,626	1,482	9.7
Other	1,136	1,152			1,136	1,152	(1.4)
Interest/fiscal	354	53			354	53	567.9
Sewer			1,740	1,642	1,740	1,642	6.0
Total expenses	8,146	6,640	1,740	1,642	9,886	8,282	19.4
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	582	1,005	(405)	(373)	177	632	(72.0)
NET POSITION, beginning	23,668	22,663	16,099	16,472	39,767	39,135	
NET POSITION, ending	24,250	23,668	15,694	16,099	39,944	39,767	

# ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS (Continued)

# **Governmental Activities**

Governmental Revenues increased over the prior year by more than \$1 million. The largest increase was seen in intergovernmental revenues which increased by more than \$923 thousand from the prior year. Governmental expenses were more than what was recorded in the prior year by 22.7% or \$1.5 million.

# **Business-Type Activities**

Charges for services were similar to the prior year. Overall, general revenues increased almost \$66 thousand which is mainly attributable to increase interest earnings. Total business-type expenditures increased \$87 thousand, or 5.3%. This was mainly attributable to an increase in contractual services over the prior year.

# Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The City's overall financial condition remains healthy after fiscal year 2019 results, with total revenues exceeding total expenditures by approximately \$203 thousand.

The City's statement of net position shows that the City has current and other assets totaling \$14.7 million, of which \$9.8 million is pooled cash and investments. Current liabilities, including the current portion of long-term debt, are \$1.2 million.

# ANALYSIS OF THE FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **Governmental Funds**

# Fund Balances September 30, 2019 and 2018

Fund Name	2019	2018
General	3,754,485	2,831,238
Fire Protection	54,123	302,689
Street	775,965	1,022,945
Street Improvement	2,681,549	3,873,752
Parks and Recreation	370,848	248,890
Other nonmajor	89,847	66,257
Total	7,726,817	8,345,771

The fund balance in the General Fund increased \$923 thousand, which was due to an increase in intergovernmental revenues.

The Fire Protection Fund recorded its second full year of tax receipts. Fund balance decreased by \$248 thousand due to increased capital outlay expenditures for the City's new fire truck.

# ANALYSIS OF THE FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# <u>Governmental Funds</u> (Continued)

The fund balance in the Street Fund decreased almost \$247 thousand. This decrease is attributable to decreased intergovernmental revenues and increased operating and capital outlay expenditures.

The Street Improvement Fund also recorded its second full year of tax receipts. Within the current year, the City made significant improvements to streets was also established within the prior year. As a result of the increased expenditures, the fund balance decreased by almost \$1.2 million.

The fund balance of the Parks and Recreation Fund increased almost \$122 thousand due to transfers in from other funds.

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

	Final		Variance Positive
DEVENUE	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	2.755.650	2 900 900	45 150
Taxes	3,755,650 154,342	3,800,809	45,159 677.046
Intergovernmental	208,700	831,388 207,416	677,046
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	66,500	89,906	(1,284) 23,406
		•	•
Interest	44,200	81,274	37,074
Other	5,000	6,613	1,613
Total revenues	4,234,392	5,017,406	783,014
EXPENSES			
General Government	507,084	537,281	(30,197)
Public Safety	2,058,543	1,953,161	105,382
Economic Development	303,373	249,596	53,777
Airport	266,917	193,587	73,330
Sanitation	160,821	153,821	7,000
Capital outlay	596,500	318,790	277,710
Debt service	179,965	179,965	,
Total expenses	4,073,203	3,586,201	487,002
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	161,189	1,431,205	1,270,016
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_ (820,062)	(801,850)	18,212

# ANALYSIS OF THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Actual revenues in the General Fund were higher than budgeted revenues and actual expenses were less than budgeted expenses by a total of \$487 thousand. Overall, the actual change in budgetary fund balance was an increase of \$1.4 million as compared to the budgeted change in budgetary fund balance of \$161 thousand. The final budget for revenues and expenses was adjusted from the original budget to reflect the estimated changes for which the City was not aware of at the time of setting the original budget.

# CAPITAL ASSETS

# Schedule of Property, Plant, and Equipment

	Land and CIP	Buildings and Improvements	Machinery and Equipment	Infra- structure	Sewer Lines	Total
General Government	170,211	2,826,751	247,336			3,244,298
Sanitation		88,111	187,827			275,938
Transportation services		91,438	137,952			229,390
Public Safety*	75,275	339,937	2,412,408			2,827,620
Streets	1,848,943	117,849	959,341	4,283,329		7,209,462
Parks and Recreation	276,571	12,832,093	512,609			13,621,273
Cemetery		25,016	199,886			224,902
Industrial Park	352,360	418,937				771,297
Airport	1,510,141	273,569	209,795	6,499,093		8,492,598
Sewer	191,047	5,612,194	1,997,713		13,522,942	21,323,896
Total	4,424,548	22,625,895	6,864,867	10,782,422	13,522,942	58,220,674

<sup>\*</sup>Police, Animal Control, and Fire

Please refer to Note 5 for more detailed information regarding capital asset activity during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

# **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

Regular debt service payments during fiscal year 2019 are summarized as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
Governmental funds	422,836	353,641	776,477

Please refer to Note 11 for more detailed information regarding long-term debt activity, including new loans, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

# REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This report is intended to provide citizens an overview of the City's finances and demonstrate the City's accountability for the revenues received. Questions about the report should be directed to the City Administrator, City Hall, 105 E. Ohio, Clinton, Missouri 64735.



(This page has been left blank intentionally)

# CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Pooled cash and investments Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Grants receivable Other receivables	3,636,108 829,037 300,790 15,258	6,235,243 143,734	9,871,351 143,734 829,037 300,790 15,258
Prepaid items Restricted cash and investments Capital assets	179,281 3,348,032	20,675 51,602	199,956 3,399,634
Land Construction in progress Other capital assets, net of depreciation	2,428,708 1,804,793 20,450,632	124,415 66,632 9,237,216	2,553,123 1,871,425 29,687,848
TOTAL ASSETS	32,992,639	15,879,517	48,872,156
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Resources to be recognized in future pension expense	169,872	227,445	397,317
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	33,162,511	16,106,962	49,269,473
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets Long-term liabilities Net pension liability, due in more than one year Due within one year Due in more than one year	379,604 130,735 71,350 403,627 609,255 6,975,080	28,558 10,276 51,602 29,596 21,678	408,162 141,011 122,952 433,223 630,933 6,975,080
TOTAL LIABILITIES	8,569,651	141,710	8,711,361
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Resources to be recognized in future pension expense	343,364	270,888	614,252
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	343,364	270,888	614,252
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	8,913,015	412,598	9,325,613

# CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	17,262,136	9,428,263	26,690,399
Unrestricted	6,987,360	6,266,101	13,253,461
TOTAL NET POSITION	24,249,496	15,694,364	39,943,860

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			Program Reven	ues			
		Charges	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
		for	and	and	Governmental	Business-Type	
E	xpenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Functions/programs							
Primary government							
Governmental activities							
General Government	670,772	90,649		743,000	162,877		162,877
Public Safety 3	,524,443	81,021	8,225		(3,435,197)		(3,435,197)
Economic Development	260,901				(260,901)		(260,901)
Airport	360,841			349,915	(10,926)		(10,926)
Sanitation	166,566	116,767			(49,799)		(49,799)
Streets	834,924	910			(834,014)		(834,014)
Parks and Recreation 1	,626,148	249,700			(1,376,448)		(1,376,448)
Cemetery operations	177,503	67,348			(110,155)		(110,155)
Transportation services	160,955	13,656	68,272		(79,027)		(79,027)
Industrial park	10,505				(10,505)		(10,505)
Interest on long-term debt	353,641				(353,641)		(353,641)
Total governmental activities 8	,147,199	620,051	76,497	1,092,915	(6,357,736)		(6,357,736)
Business-type activities							
Sewer 1	,739,547	1,159,092		7,460		(572,995)	(572,995)
Total primary government 9	,886,746	1,779,143	76,497	1,100,375	(6,357,736)	(572,995)	(6,930,731)
General revenues							
Taxes							
Property tax, levied for general purposes					923,600		923,600
Local sales tax					4,674,139		4,674,139
Franchise taxes					973,027		973,027
Other taxes					161,520		161,520
Unrestricted investment earnings					107,267	165,182	272,449
Gain on sale of assets					29,007		29,007
Other income					70,093	3,456	73,549
Total general revenues					6,938,653	168,638	7,107,291
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					580,917	(404,357)	176,560
NET POSITION, beginning of year					23,668,579	16,098,721	39,767,300
NET POSITION, end of year					24,249,496	15,694,364	39,943,860

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		General Fund	Fire Protection Fund	Street Fund	Street Improvement Fund	Parks and Recreation Fund	Other Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	ASSETS							
	ASSETS Pooled cash and investments Taxes receivable Grants receivable Other receivables Prepaid items	2,289,949 418,674 300,790 10,592 113,201	67,057 21,828	655,929 130,325 14,347	349,395 67,057	255,521 145,924 20,446	4,666 9,459	3,636,108 829,037 300,790 15,258 179,281
	Restricted cash and cash equivalents	823,235	1,075		2,523,722			3,348,032
	TOTAL ASSETS	3,956,441	89,960	800,601	2,940,174	421,891	99,439	8,308,506
22	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
	LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets Total liabilities	63,910 66,696 71,350 201,956	11,896 23,941 35,837	15,424 9,212 24,636	258,625 258,625	27,104 23,939 51,043	2,645 6,947 	379,604 130,735 71,350 581,689
	FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed	113,201 751,885	21,828 1,075	14,347	2,523,722	20,446	9,459	179,281 2,524,797 751,885
	Assigned	2,889,399	31,220	761,618	157,827	350,402	80,388	1,381,455 2,889,399
	Unassigned Total fund balances	3,754,485	54,123	775,965	2,681,549	370,848	89,847	7,726,817
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND							
	BALANCES	3,956,441	89,960	800,601	2,940,174	421,891	99,439	8,308,506

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Fund balance - total governmental funds		7,726,817
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Governmental capital assets  Less accumulated depreciation	36,896,778 (12,212,645)	24,684,133
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Capital leases payable Loans	(6,921,997) (500,000)	
		(7,421,997)
Compensated absences are not due and payable		
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(162,338)
The effects of GASB 68 to record the net pension asset (liability) and related deferred outflows and inflows or resources are not reflected in the fund financial statements.		
Net pension liability	(403,627)	
Deferred outflows of resources to be recognized in future pension expense  Deferred inflows of resources to be recognized	169,872	
in future pension expense	(343,364)	
		(577,119)
IET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		24,249,496

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	REVENUES	General Fund	Fire Protection Fund	Street Fund	Street Improvement Fund	Parks and Recreation Fund	Other Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	Taxes							
	Property	721,266		326		202,008		923,600
	Sales	1,953,508	464,783	829,585	464,783	961,480		4,674,139
	Franchise	973,027						973,027
	Other	161,520						161,520
	Charges for services	207,416		910		249,700	81,004	539,030
	Fines and forfeitures	81,021						81,021
	Intergovernmental	1,092,915	8,225				68,272	1,169,412
24	Interest	90,159	375	678	10,119	5,857	79	107,267
	Miscellaneous	6,613	2,536	19,692		10,938	30,314	70,093
	Total revenues	5,287,445	475,919	851,191	474,902	1,429,983	179,669	8,699,109
	EXPENDITURES							
	Current							
	General Government	513,428						513,428
	Public Safety	1,953,161	1,045,846					2,999,007
	Economic Development	249,596						249,596
	Airport	193,587						193,587
	Sanitation	153,821						153,821
	Streets			650,155	294			650,449
	Parks and Recreation					1,145,105		1,145,105
	Cemetery operations						151,917	151,917
	Transportation services						144,967	144,967
	Capital outlay	318,790	363,024	455,348	1,673,584	39,970	18,000	2,868,716

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		General Fund	Fire Protection Fund	Street Fund	Street Improvement Fund	Parks and Recreation Fund	Other Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
١	EXPENDITURES (Continued)  Debt service	Tana	Tana	runa	Tana	Tana	Turido	Tundo
	Principal	131,815	76,021		215,000			422,836
	Interest and fiscal fees	48,150	27,264		278,227			353,641
	Total expenditures	3,562,348	1,512,155	1,105,503	2,167,105	1,185,075	314,884	9,847,070
ı	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
	(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,725,097	(1,036,236)	(254,312)	(1,692,203)	244,908	(135,215)	(1,147,961)
у У	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
	Debt issuance				500,000			500,000
	Proceeds from sale of assets		6,975	22,032				29,007
	Transfers in	154,210	780,695	(4.4.700)		9,648	188,365	1,132,918
	Transfers out	(956,060)		(14,700)		(132,598)	(29,560)	(1,132,918)
	Total other financing sources					(400.000)		
	(uses)	(801,850)	787,670	7,332	500,000	(122,950)	158,805	529,007
١	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	923,247	(248,566)	(246,980)	(1,192,203)	121,958	23,590	(618,954)
ı	FUND BALANCE,							
	beginning of year	2,831,238	302,689	1,022,945	3,873,752	248,890	66,257	8,345,771
F	FUND BALANCE,							
	end of year	3,754,485	54,123	775,965	2,681,549	370,848	89,847	7,726,817

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Ņ

# CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

(618,954)

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceed depreciation in the current period.

Capital outlay	2,868,716	
Depreciation	(966,586)	1,902,130

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, loan, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, which the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is the detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:

Proceeds of long-term debt	(500,000)	
Capital lease principal payments	422,836	(77,164)

Governmental funds report payments required for pension costs as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, these costs are adjusted for the actuarial balances of the net pension asset/liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources. This is the amount by which the reported pension expense by the pension plan exceeded the amounts paid into the plan.

Plan payments made by the City	304,016
Pension expense reported by pension plan	(918,964)

(614,948)

# CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Governmental funds report the proceeds from the disposal of assets assets as revenues. However, in the statement of activities, the revenues are reported less the amount of nondepreciated cost. This is the amount by which the proceeds exceeded any cost.

(20,169)

Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated absences

10,022

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

580,917

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Pooled cash and investments	6,235,243
Accounts receivable	143,734
Prepaid items	20,675
Restricted cash and investments	51,602
Total current assets	6,451,254
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital assets	
Land and construction in progress	191,047
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	9,237,216
Total noncurrent assets	9,428,263
TOTAL ASSETS	15,879,517
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Resources to be recognized in future pension	
expense	227,445
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
OF RESOURCES	16,106,962
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	28,558
Accrued liabilities	10,276
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	51,602
Compensated absences	21,678
Total current liabilities	112,114
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Net pension liability	29,596
TOTAL LIABILITIES	141,710

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Resources to be recognized in future pension  expense	270,888
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	
OF RESOURCES	412,598
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	9,428,263
Unrestricted	6,266,101
TOTAL NET POSITION	15,694,364

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES	
Sewer charges	1,156,792
Sewer taps	2,300
Miscellaneous	3,456
Total operating revenues	1,162,548
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personnel services	416,838
Contractual services	682,633
Commodities and other	164,890
Depreciation	475,186
Total operating expenses	1,739,547
OPERATING LOSS	(576,999)
NONOPERATING REVENUE	
Interest and investment income	165,182
Grants	7,460
Total nonoperating revenue	172,642
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(404,357)
NET POSITION, beginning of year	16,098,721
NET POSITION, end of year	15,694,364

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from customers	1,162,279
Cash received from other sources	5,756
Cash payments to suppliers	(828,220)
Cash payments to employees	(363,581)
odan paymenta to employees	(303,301)
Net cash used in operating activities	(23,766)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from grant receipts	7,460
Net cash provided by noncapital financing	
activities	7,460
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(368,494)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(300,434)
Not each used in equital and related	
Net cash used in capital and related	(269 404)
financing activities	(368,494)
OAOU ELOMO EDOM INVESTINO ACTIVITIES	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	405 400
Interest received	165,182
Net cash provided by investing activities	165,182
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(219,618)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	6,506,463
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	6,286,845
ALLOCATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	
Unrestricted - current	6,235,243
Restricted - current	51,602
	6,286,845
	=,==,= :0

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

#### Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities

Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation 475,186  (Increase) decrease in the following assets: Accounts receivable 5,487 Interest receivable 26,376 Prepaid items (2,009) Increase (decrease) in the following liabilities: Accounts payable (4,177) Accrued expenses 3,301 Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources 56,558 Restricted liabilities (7,489) Total adjustments 553,233  Net cash used in operating activities (23,766)  SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES Total purchases of property and equipment (228,513) Purchases included in prior year accounts payable (139,981) Cash paid for purchases of property and equipment (368,494)	Operating loss	(576,999)
Depreciation 475,186 (Increase) decrease in the following assets:  Accounts receivable 5,487 Interest receivable 26,376 Prepaid items (2,009) Increase (decrease) in the following liabilities: Accounts payable (4,177) Accrued expenses 3,301 Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources 56,558 Restricted liabilities (7,489) Total adjustments 553,233  Net cash used in operating activities (23,766)  SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES Total purchases of property and equipment (228,513) Purchases included in prior year accounts payable (139,981)	Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to	
(Increase) decrease in the following assets:  Accounts receivable 5,487 Interest receivable 26,376 Prepaid items (2,009) Increase (decrease) in the following liabilities:  Accounts payable (4,177) Accrued expenses 3,301 Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources 56,558 Restricted liabilities (7,489) Total adjustments 553,233  Net cash used in operating activities (23,766)  SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES Total purchases of property and equipment (228,513) Purchases included in prior year accounts payable (139,981)	net cash used in operating activities:	
Accounts receivable 5,487 Interest receivable 26,376 Prepaid items (2,009) Increase (decrease) in the following liabilities: Accounts payable (4,177) Accrued expenses 3,301 Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources 56,558 Restricted liabilities (7,489) Total adjustments 553,233  Net cash used in operating activities (23,766)  SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES Total purchases of property and equipment (228,513) Purchases included in prior year accounts payable (139,981)	Depreciation	475,186
Interest receivable 26,376 Prepaid items (2,009) Increase (decrease) in the following liabilities: Accounts payable (4,177) Accrued expenses 3,301 Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources 56,558 Restricted liabilities (7,489) Total adjustments 553,233  Net cash used in operating activities (23,766)  SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES Total purchases of property and equipment (228,513) Purchases included in prior year accounts payable (139,981)	(Increase) decrease in the following assets:	
Prepaid items (2,009) Increase (decrease) in the following liabilities: Accounts payable (4,177) Accrued expenses 3,301 Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources 56,558 Restricted liabilities (7,489) Total adjustments 553,233  Net cash used in operating activities (23,766)  SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES Total purchases of property and equipment (228,513) Purchases included in prior year accounts payable (139,981)	Accounts receivable	5,487
Increase (decrease) in the following liabilities:  Accounts payable (4,177)  Accrued expenses 3,301  Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources 56,558  Restricted liabilities (7,489)  Total adjustments 553,233  Net cash used in operating activities (23,766)  SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES Total purchases of property and equipment (228,513) Purchases included in prior year accounts payable (139,981)	Interest receivable	26,376
Accounts payable (4,177) Accrued expenses 3,301 Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources 56,558 Restricted liabilities (7,489) Total adjustments 553,233  Net cash used in operating activities (23,766)  SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES Total purchases of property and equipment (228,513) Purchases included in prior year accounts payable (139,981)	Prepaid items	(2,009)
Accrued expenses 3,301 Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources 56,558 Restricted liabilities (7,489) Total adjustments 553,233  Net cash used in operating activities (23,766)  SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES Total purchases of property and equipment (228,513) Purchases included in prior year accounts payable (139,981)	Increase (decrease) in the following liabilities:	
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources Restricted liabilities (7,489) Total adjustments 553,233  Net cash used in operating activities (23,766)  SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES Total purchases of property and equipment Purchases included in prior year accounts payable (139,981)	Accounts payable	(4,177)
outflows and inflows of resources Restricted liabilities (7,489) Total adjustments 553,233  Net cash used in operating activities  (23,766)  SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES Total purchases of property and equipment Purchases included in prior year accounts payable  (228,513) (139,981)	Accrued expenses	3,301
Restricted liabilities (7,489) Total adjustments 553,233  Net cash used in operating activities (23,766)  SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES Total purchases of property and equipment (228,513) Purchases included in prior year accounts payable (139,981)		
Total adjustments  Sometiments  Net cash used in operating activities  (23,766)  SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Total purchases of property and equipment Purchases included in prior year accounts payable  (139,981)		·
Net cash used in operating activities  SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES Total purchases of property and equipment Purchases included in prior year accounts payable  (23,766)  (23,766)	Restricted liabilities	(7,489)
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES Total purchases of property and equipment Purchases included in prior year accounts payable  (228,513) (139,981)	Total adjustments	_553,233
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES Total purchases of property and equipment Purchases included in prior year accounts payable  (228,513) (139,981)		
ACTIVITIES  Total purchases of property and equipment (228,513)  Purchases included in prior year accounts payable (139,981)	Net cash used in operating activities	(23,766)
ACTIVITIES  Total purchases of property and equipment (228,513)  Purchases included in prior year accounts payable (139,981)		
ACTIVITIES  Total purchases of property and equipment (228,513)  Purchases included in prior year accounts payable (139,981)		
Total purchases of property and equipment (228,513) Purchases included in prior year accounts payable (139,981)		
Purchases included in prior year accounts payable (139,981)		
		• • •
Cash paid for purchases of property and equipment (368,494)		
	Cash paid for purchases of property and equipment	(368,494)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

Clinton, Missouri, is a third-class city in which citizens elect the mayor at large and eight council members by wards. The accompanying financial statements present the City's primary government and any component units over which the City exercises significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or financial relationships with the City (as distinct from legal relationships). Management has considered all potential component units and has determined there are no entities outside of the primary government that should be blended into or discretely presented with the City's financial statements.

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements (e.g., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the City. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The effect of interfund activities (i.e., the allocation of overhead within the same function) has been removed from these statements. Interfund services (e.g., the City's use of City-provided sewer service) provided and used are not eliminated from the statement of activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The government reports the following governmental funds:

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING (Continued)

#### Governmental Funds (Continued)

#### General Fund (Continued)

Included in the General Fund is activity that occurred in the Second Street/Calvird Drive Maintenance Fund and Energy Improvements Fund. The function of the Second Street/Calvird Drive Maintenance Fund is to account for expenditures related to the property and infrastructure of the sections of Second Street and Calvird Drive which were relinquished by the Missouri Department of Transportation to the City of Clinton. The function of the Energy Improvements Fund is to account for debt service expenses which are supported by transfers from other funds.

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific sources of revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

#### Major Special Revenue Funds

#### Street Fund

The primary function of the Street Fund is to maintain the city street network. This consists of approximately 100 miles of nonstate highway miles. Some of the primary tasks are surfacing, patching, drainage, grading, right-of-way mowing, sweeping, and snow removal.

The Street Fund is financed by a Gasoline Fuel Tax, Motor Vehicle Sales Tax, Transportation Sales Tax, Motor Vehicle Fee, and interest on investments.

#### Parks and Recreation Fund

The Parks and Recreation Fund is primarily responsible for the maintenance of the six community parks covering approximately 120 acres and includes seven playgrounds, a public swimming pool, and tennis courts. The fund is also responsible for the administration of various programs including soccer, day camp, t-ball, youth volleyball, karate, flag football, coed volleyball, women's volleyball, men's softball, women's softball, coed softball, aerobics, girls' softball, youth basketball, etc.

The Parks and Recreation Fund is financed by collection of program fees, activity cards, swimming pool pass sales, sale of concessions, a percentage of general property taxes collected by the City, a use tax, and special purpose sales taxes.

#### Street Improvement Fund

The Street Improvement Fund accounts for sales tax revenue approved for street improvement projects. The revenue is used for the payment and principal interest related to certificates of participation and for other street repair and maintenance projects funded on an annual basis.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING (Continued)

#### **Governmental Funds** (Continued)

#### Major Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

#### Fire Protection Fund

The Fire Protection Fund is responsible for all capital purchases, as well as the operations and maintenance of the Fire Department. The Fund will receive special purpose sales tax, and periodically, will receive grants for specific purchases. In addition, the Fund will be supported with transfers from the General Fund as determined necessary.

#### Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

#### Cemetery Fund

The Cemetery Fund is responsible for the operation and maintenance of Englewood Cemetery. All expenses related to manpower and equipment are shown in the Cemetery Fund.

Revenues for the Cemetery Fund are derived from the sale of cemetery lots and burial fees. The fund is also subsidized by the General Fund of the City.

#### Area Transportation Service Fund

The Area Transportation Service Fund (ATS) was established in the late 1970s to provide public transportation to persons of all ages within the city limits of Clinton. The service provides safe, convenient, and affordable transportation service, including meeting the needs of the handicapped. The ATS is subsidized by the General Fund with additional revenues from Missouri Department of Transportation grants, federal transit grants, and fees paid by riders.

#### Industrial Park Fund

The Industrial Park Fund is used for the purpose of recording land purchases and expenditures for the development of an industrial park. This Fund is supported by land leases.

#### Community Center Fund

The Community Center Fund accounts for remaining special purpose sales tax revenue.

#### Aquatic Center Fund

The Aquatic Center Fund accounts for remaining special purpose sales tax revenue.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING (Continued)

#### Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the stated intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges - or where periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is deemed appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applications for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The government reports the following proprietary fund:

#### Sewer Fund

This Fund is used to account for the provision of sanitary sewer services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this Fund.

#### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, interest and principal on general long-term debt are recognized when due, or when payments are due early in the next fiscal year.

Property tax, sales tax, gasoline tax, motor vehicle tax, interest, and revenues from other governmental units associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

#### D. POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of the individual governmental fund types are combined to form a pool of cash and cash equivalents. At September 30, 2019, the City's cash was deposited in demand accounts, certificates of deposit, and money market funds held by a trustee. Interest income on pooled cash and investments is allocated based upon each fund's respective cash balance. The City's policy is to carry all investments at fair value as opposed to amortized cost. State statutes authorize the City to invest in banking institutions and obligations of municipalities within the state, repurchase agreements, and obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

Certain proceeds of federal grants are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable grant agreements. Assets are also restricted for refunding customer meter deposits and for sewer capital expenditures.

#### E. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

A statement of cash flows has been presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 9 for the proprietary fund. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, demand deposits and all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### F. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

During the course of normal operations, the City has transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources, to provide services and construct assets. Legally authorized transfers are included in the fund financial statements of both governmental and proprietary funds.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### G. PREPAID ITEMS

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the City in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and the reserve for prepaid items has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

#### H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are expensed when purchased for fund financial statement presentation in governmental funds. Capital assets purchased in the proprietary fund for fund statement presentation and in all government-wide financial statements are reported as an asset and depreciated. Capital assets, including infrastructure, are defined as assets with an initial cost of \$2,500 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

General infrastructure assets acquired prior to October 1, 2003, are not reported in the basic financial statements. General infrastructure assets include all roads, bridges, and other infrastructure assets acquired subsequent to October 1, 2003.

Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value.

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated by the City using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and processing facilities	20 - 40 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20 years
Transmission lines and mains	50 years
Streets	50 years

#### I. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The amount of accrued vacation benefits included in the government-wide financial statements, related to governmental activities, for the year ended September 30, 2019, is \$162,338. Business-type activity funds reported accrued vacation benefits for the year ended September 30, 2019, of \$21,678.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### J. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

#### K. EQUITY CLASSIFICATION

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups, such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. It is the City's policy to use restricted net position first, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when a disbursement is paid for the purposes in which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Unrestricted net position does not meet the definition of restricted or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### K. EQUITY CLASSIFICATION (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Fund Balance Classification**

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

#### Nonspendable

This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they either (a) are not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

#### Restricted

This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either by external groups, such as creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### Committed

This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. Ordinances and resolutions create the most binding constraint equally. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

#### Assigned

This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City Council or through the Council delegating this responsibility to the City Administrator through the budgetary process. Assigned categories are for the purpose as described in the fund title for which they are presented in the fund financial statements.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### K. EQUITY CLASSIFICATION (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Balance Classification (Continued)

#### <u>Unassigned</u>

This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund as it is the only fund that reports a positive, unassigned fund balance. However, in governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

The City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

#### L. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The City has several calculations related to its pension plan that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has several calculations related to its pension plan that qualify for reporting in this category in addition to calculations related to prior refinanced debt.

#### M. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The most significant of these estimates are receivables, depreciation, payables, and accrued liabilities.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### N. REVENUES

Billings for sewer revenues are rendered monthly. Unbilled revenues from the last billing date to the end of the period are accrued in the period of usage and included in accounts receivable.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

#### NOTE 2. POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As of September 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the City's pooled cash and investments (including money market accounts and certificates of deposit) was \$10,767,525.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. As of September 30, 2019, all of the City's deposits with financial institutions were fully insured or collateralized by securities held in the City's name in the form of joint safekeeping receipts. State law requires all funds in depositories to be fully insured or collateralized; and the City's policy is to require depositories to provide pledged securities to cover deposits in excess of FDIC limits.

#### **Authorized Investments**

- 1. U.S. Treasury bills, notes, and bonds.
- 2. Notes and securities of U.S. government agencies not to exceed two years to stated maturity.
- 3. Repurchase agreements not to exceed 180 days to stated maturity where underlying purchased securities consist of securities of the U.S. government and its agencies.
- 4. Certificates of deposit or other interest-bearing accounts issued by commercial banks and savings institutions collateralized at 100%.
- 5. Banker's acceptances not to exceed 180 days to stated maturity. No more than 20% of the total amount of City funds invested may be invested in banker's acceptances.
- Commercial paper rated A-1 or P-1 or the equivalent by two nationally recognized rating organizations. No more than 20% of the total amount of City funds invested may be invested in commercial paper.

#### NOTE 2. POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### **Investment Policy**

The objectives of the City's investment policy, in their order of priority, shall be:

- 1. Safety of Principal.
- 2. Liquidity Investment portfolio shall be structured so securities mature to meet cash needs.
- Yield Investment portfolio shall be designed to attain a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the foregoing objectives.

#### NOTE 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

As a result of providing sanitation services to its citizens, the City has extended credit to them. The accounts receivable balance at September 30, 2019, is \$144,034 and is presented net of a \$300 allowance for doubtful accounts.

#### NOTE 4. RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Restricted cash and investments at September 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

Account	General Fund	Fire Protection Fund	Street Improvement Fund	Enterprise Fund
Held for other entities Restricted for capital outlay Restricted for customers	71,350 751,885	1,075	2,523,722	
deposits	823,235	1,075	2,523,722	51,602 51,602

#### NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance October 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance September 30, 2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated Construction in progress Land	1,997,741 2,428,708	1,440,691	(1,633,639)	1,804,793 2,428,708
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	4,426,449	1,440,691	(1,633,639)	4,233,501

#### NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balance October 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance September 30, 2019
Governmental Activities (Continued)				
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment	16,984,870 8,899,550 3,732,593	28,831 1,882,872 1,149,961	(15,400)	17,013,701 10,782,422 4,867,154
Total capital assets, being depreciated	29,617,013	3,061,664	(15,400)	32,663,277
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	(6,752,186) (1,396,274) (3,112,999) (11,261,459)	(521,158) (263,905) (181,523) (966,586)	15,400 15,400	(7,273,344) (1,660,179) (3,279,122) (12,212,645)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	18,355,554	2,095,078		20,450,632
Governmental activities capital assets, net	22,782,003	3,535,769	(1,633,639)	24,684,133
Business-Type Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated Construction in progress Land	87,091 124,415	66,632	(87,091)	66,632 124,415
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	211,506	66,632	(87,091)	191,047
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated	5,612,194 13,329,365 1,942,319 20,883,878	193,577 55,394 248,971		5,612,194 13,522,942 1,997,713 21,132,849
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	(4,294,193) (5,734,018) (1,392,236) (11,420,447)	(104,191) (268,757) (102,238) (475,186)		(4,398,384) (6,002,775) (1,494,474) (11,895,633)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	9,463,431	(226,215)		9,237,216
Business-type activities capital assets, net	9,674,937	(159,583)	(87,091)	9,428,263

#### NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

The following table summarizes the depreciation by function for the year ended September 30, 2019:

	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Fund
General Government	108,290	
Public Safety	126,874	
Airport	167,254	
Streets	130,880	
Park and Recreation	403,406	
Cemetery operations	7,970	
Sanitation	5,482	
Transportation services	5,925	
Industrial Park	10,505	
Water and Sewer		475,186
	966,586	475,186

#### NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN

#### Plan Description

The City of Clinton, Missouri, contributes to the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multi-employer, statewide public employee retirement plan for units of local government which is legally separate and fiscally independent of the state of Missouri. LAGERS was established in 1967 and is administered in accordance with RSMo. 70.600-70.755. LAGERS serves approximately 758 local participating employers. These participating employers include 309 cities, 60 counties, and 346 other public entities during the plan year ended June 30, 2019.

Responsibility for the operation and administration of the plan is vested in the LAGERS Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. Three trustees are elected by the employees who participate in the system, three trustees are elected by the members of the governing bodies of those political subdivisions which participate in the system, and one trustee is appointed by the governor. The regular term of office for members of the LAGERS Board of Trustees is four years. Members of the LAGERS Board of Trustees serve without compensation with respect to their duties, but are reimbursed by LAGERS for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

For the City's year ending September 30, 2019, the net pension asset is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of February 28, 2019, and a measurement date of June 30, 2019.

#### NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **Benefits Provided**

LAGERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits to employees of participating political subdivisions. All benefits vest after 5 years of service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 (55 for police and fire) with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program then in effect for their political subdivision. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 (50 for police and fire) and receive a reduced allowance. The LAGERS Board of Trustees establishes the benefit plans and provisions that are available for adoption. The political subdivision's governing body adopts all benefits of the plan. Benefit terms provide for annual post retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

At the date the actuarial valuation was performed, the City had 69 active employees, 26 inactive employees entitles to, but not yet receiving benefits, and 53 inactive employees (or their beneficiaries) who are currently receiving benefits.

#### Contributions

Each participating unit of government is obligated by state law to make all required contributions to the plan. The required contributions are actuarially determined using the individual entry-age actuarial cost method. There are no long-term contracts for contributions to the plan. All actuarial liabilities are amortized over a period of 30 years or less.

Administrative costs of LAGERS are financed through investment earnings of the system. Employee contributions are determined at the election of the governing body of the local government. Should the governing body elect to participate in the contributory plan, all employees must contribute four percent of gross salary. The governing body may elect to participate in the noncontributory plan which would result in no employee contributions.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The pension liability for the June 30, 2019, measurement date was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal and Modified Terminal Funding

Amortization Method A level percentage of payroll amortization method is

used to amortize the UAAL over a closed period of years. If the UAAL (excluding the UAAL associated with benefit changes) is negative, then this amount is amortized over the greater of (i) the remaining ini-

tial amortization period of (ii) 15 years.

Remaining Amortization Period Multiple bases from 15 to 19 years

#### NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Inflation 3.25% wage inflation; 2.50% price inflation

Salary Increases 3.25% to 6.55% (7.15% for fire) including

wage inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%, net of investment expenses

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to

the type of eligibility condition.

Mortality The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement

mortality, were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees mortality table for males and females.

Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017.

Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improve-

ment scale to the above described tables.

Other information None

#### Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits). The expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%; the municipal bond rate is 3.13% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate from Fidelity); and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25% for the General, Police, and Fire Divisions.

#### NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **Discount Rate** (Continued)

This rate considers the ability of the plan to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses, and investment returns are projected into the future. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. As long as assets are projected to be on hand in a future year, the assumed valuation discount rate is used. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, the use of a "risk-free" rate is required, as described in the preceding paragraph.

LAGERS has provided tables to the City that provide background for the development of the single discount rate. These tables are described as follows:

The Projection of Contributions table shows the development of expected contributions in future years. Normal cost contributions for future hires are not included (nor are their liabilities).

The Projection of Plan Fiduciary Net Position table shows the development of expected asset levels in future years.

The Present Values of Projected Benefit Payments table shows the development of the Single Discount Rate (SDR). It breaks down the benefit payments into present values for funded and unfunded portions and shows the equivalent total at the SDR.

#### **Assumed Asset Allocation**

Activities undertaken by LAGERS Investment Team include setting and implementing investment strategies; appointing and dismissing investment managers; monitoring investment allocation, liquidity, and performance; and ensuring safekeeping of assets.

To achieve the goal of a 7.25% long-term rate of return, LAGERS Investment Team sets an investment strategy which is devised after analyzing the long-term view of the market and consulting with LAGERS' Board of Trustees.

The assumed asset allocation is as follows:

Equities	36.0%
Fixed Income	31.9%
Real Assets/Return	31.3%
Strategic	10.4%
Alpha	13.5%

#### NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following table presents the net pension asset (liability) for the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) as of the measurement date of June 30, 2019, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the pension plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1.00% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Rate (7.25%)	1.00% Increase (8.25%)
General Division	1,056,920	253,984	(410,706)
Police Division	588,131	(132,012)	(714,205)
Fire Division	798,074	311,251	(91,183)
Total	2,443,125	433,223	(1,216,094)

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources to be recognized in future pension expense consists of the following:

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources

Differences between expected and actual	
experience	182,812
Changes in assumptions	139,400
Employer contributions subsequent to the	
measurement date - June 30, 2019	75,105
	397,317
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	
Differences between expected and actual	
experience	295,179
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	
pension plan investments	319,073
	614,252
Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources	(216,935)

#### NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u> (Continued)

Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources by year to be recognized in future pension expenses:

Year Ending September 30,	Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Thereafter	27,501 (204,390) (85,189) 25,164 22,185 (2,206) (216,935)
Changes in Net Pension Liability	
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on total pension liability Changes in benefit terms Difference between expected and actual	259,024 853,781 841,365
experience of the total pension liability Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	134,209 (544,194)
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending	1,544,185 11,916,378 13,460,563
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of	318,753 90,486 839,683
employee contributions Pension plan administrative expense Other	(544,194) (16,420) 6,684
Net change in fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending	694,992 12,332,348 13,027,340
Net Pension Liability	433,223

#### NOTE 6. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information supporting the preparation of the schedule of changes in fiduciary net position is included in the System's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report can be obtained at www.molagers.org or from Missouri Local Area Government Employee Retirement System (LAGERS), PO Box 1665, Jefferson City, MO 65102.

#### NOTE 7. INSURANCE

The City is a member of Missouri Rural Services Workers' Compensation Insurance Trust (MRSWCIT), a not-for-profit corporation consisting of governmental entities incorporated in 1984 to acquire insurance for its members.

MRSWCIT operates as a purchasing pool and is not a joint venture activity of the City. The City has no control over budgeting, financing, management selection, or the governing body. MRSWCIT provides both conventional and self-insurance coverage for its members including medical, dental, property, casualty, general liability, and workers' compensation. The City participates in workers' compensation insurance coverages.

MRSWCIT manages the cash and investment pool, funded by insurance premiums, on behalf of its members. MRSWCIT's investment pool consists of interest-bearing deposits, U.S. Treasury STRIPS, U.S. government agency obligations, and collateralized mortgage obligations.

In the event that a deficit occurs with respect to any fiscal year of MRSWCIT for which the City was a participant at any time during such year, and in the event that MRSWCIT determines that an assessment is required in order to provide additional funds for the obligations of MRSWCIT for such year, and further in the event that the City was covered by the types of benefits requiring the assessment during the time period in which the assessment arose, the City is obligated to pay its pro rata share of any such assessment, irrespective of whether or not the City is a member of MRSWCIT at the time of such assessment. Management of the City is not aware of any deficit situation in MRSWCIT, which would require an accrual of a liability as of September 30, 2019.

MRSWCIT's financial statements are presented in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended September 30, 2019.

#### NOTE 8. CONTINGENCIES

The City participates in certain federal and state-assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits is not believed to be material.

#### NOTE 8. CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

The City participates in certain federal and state-assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits is not believed to be material.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss from fire, explosion, or other hazards and manages risks through the purchase of commercial insurance other than the workers' compensation insurance.

#### NOTE 9. COMPLIANCE WITH MISSOURI STATUTES

Missouri House Bill No. 103 amending RSMo Section 302.341.2 became effective on August 28, 2013. The amendments to the statute now require municipalities to report an accounting of the percent of "annual general operating revenue" from fines and costs for traffic violations.

Fines and costs for traffic violations	34,455
Annual general operating revenues	4,738,996
Fines and costs for traffic violations as a	
percentage of annual general operating revenue	0.7%

#### NOTE 10. LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS

Liabilities payable from restricted assets at September 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Enterprise Fund
Clinton Housing Authority	11,727	
Restitution	5,386	
D.A.R.E	499	
Judicial education	890	
LET fees	7,631	
DEA	4,677	
DHS	107	
100-year capsule	393	
Fire damage	38,435	
Appointed counsel	227	
Police Department donations	1,378	
Customer meter deposits		51,602
Total	71,350	51,602

#### NOTE 11. LONG-TERM DEBT

#### **Governmental Activities**

Changes in the debt for the year ended September 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

	Balance October 1, 2018	Addi- tions	Retire- ments	Balance September 30, 2019	Due in One Year
From direct borrowings					
Capital lease obligations	7,344,707		422,710	6,921,997	609,254
Loans		500,000		500,000	
Compensated absences	152,316	162,338	152,316	162,338	162,338
Total governmental debt	7,497,023	662,338	575,026	7,584,335	771,592

At September 30, 2019, the long-term debt consisted of the following:

#### Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are payable upon separation from employment which could occur at any time and are, therefore, considered payable within one year and are liquidated by the governmental fund responsible for generating the liability. The liability is allocated to each fund as follows:

General	71,443
Fire Protection	39,293
Street	13,496
Parks	31,666
Other nonmajor	6,440
	162,338

#### **Direct Borrowing Arrangements**

#### Capital Lease Obligations

On April 21, 2014, the City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of public safety communication equipment. The lease qualified as a capital lease for financial reporting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of its inception. The cumulative amount of assets acquired under the capital lease described above amounted to \$59,250. This lease was satisfied in the year ending September 30, 2019.

#### NOTE 11. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

**Governmental Activities** (Continued)

<u>Direct Borrowing Arrangements</u> (Continued)

#### Capital Lease Obligations (Continued)

On April 10, 2015, the City entered into a capital lease agreement for an energy efficient capital project. The lease qualified as a capital lease for financial reporting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of its inception. The cumulative amount of assets acquired under the capital lease described above amounted to \$2,292,430.

On May 15, 2018, the City entered into a capital lease agreement with U.S. Bancorp Government Leasing and Finance, Inc., for the purchase of a new fire truck. The lease qualified as a capital lease for financial reporting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of its inception. Under the terms of this lease, payments are due in May through year 2027.

The terms of these two direct borrowing arrangement include provisions that if the City fails to pay any lease payment under the property schedule at the specified time, the lessor may declare all lease payments and other amounts payable by the City to the end of then then-current budget year to be due and such amounts shall bear interest at the rate of 12% per annum or the maximum rate permitted by applicable law, whichever is less. This lease is secured by the property purchased using the funds.

On August 25, 2017, the City entered into a capital lease agreement to fund various improvements. The lease qualified as a capital lease for financial reporting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of its inception. Remaining funds, which total \$3,435,905, are in an escrow account held by a third party. The funds will be disbursed in accordance with the escrow agreement to pay for costs of the projects including costs of issuance.

Under the terms of this direct borrowing arrangement, should the City fail to pay the basic rent payments at the specified time or should they fail to make any supplemental rent payments when due and the continuance of such failure for twenty (20) days after written notice specifying such failure and requiring it be remedied is provided to the City, the Bank may declare all rent payments due to the end of the original or renewal term to be due. The Bank also may take possession of the property, and subsequently sell the property for the account of the City. The improvements serve as collateral for the lease.

#### NOTE 11. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

**Governmental Activities** (Continued)

**Direct Borrowing Arrangements (Continued)** 

Capital Lease Obligations (Continued)

Payments to maturity on the capital leases from direct borrowings include the following:

Years Ending	
September 30,	
2020	609,254
2021	609,356
2022	613,037
2023	606,466
2024	609,810
2025 - 2029	2,833,460
2030 - 2034	1,864,231
2035 - 2038	1,148,635
	8,894,249
Less amount representing interest	1,972,252
Present value of future minimum	
lease payments	6,921,997

#### Loans

On April 2, 2019, the City entered into a lending agreement with the Missouri Transportation Finance Corporation (MTFC) to fund street improvements. The City borrowed a total of \$500,000 at an interest rate of 3.00%. The debt requires semi-annual interest and principal payments starting October 2019 through April 2034.

Per the loan terms, the City will be in default of the direct borrowing agreement if they fail to make a payment when due; if construction isn't completed within the time scheduled, if there is a default in the due observance or performance of any other covenant/agreement in the contract and/or if the City admits in writing its inability to pay its debts or files a petition in bankruptcy. Remedies on default include an accelerated payment due date whereby written notice, the MTFC can declare the entire loan balance including principal and interest amounts outstanding as of the date of the notice to be immediately due and payable within 30 days from the date of declaration. This default can be cured if the City cures the event of default prior to the accelerated due date. In that case, the payment schedule will be adjusted accordingly to reflect a new payment date, and amount of future payments and remaining balances.

#### NOTE 11. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

#### **Governmental Activities** (Continued)

#### **Direct Borrowing Arrangements (Continued)**

#### Loans (Continued)

The security for the loan is a security interest in applicable federal or state funds due the City that pass through or are administered by the Commission or the Missouri Department of Transportation.

Payments to maturity on the loans from direct borrowings include the following:

Years Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	25,733	16,010	41,743
2021	27,719	14,024	41,743
2022	28,557	13,186	41,743
2023	29,420	12,323	41,743
2024	30,279	11,465	41,744
2025 - 2029	165,829	42,888	208,717
2030 - 2034	192,463	16,254	208,717
	500,000	126,150	626,150

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Changes in the debt for the year ended September 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

	Balance October 1, 2018	Addi- tions	Retire- ments	Balance September 30, 2019	Due in One Year
Compensated absences	18,940	21,678	18,940	21,678	21,678

At September 30, 2019, the long-term debt consisted of the following:

#### Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are payable upon separation from employment which could occur at any time and are, therefore, considered payable within one year and are liquidated by the governmental fund responsible for generating the liability. Business-type activity funds reported accrued vacation benefits for the year ended September 30, 2019, of \$21,678.

As of September 30, 2019, the City had no outstanding lines of credit.

#### NOTE 12. PROPERTY TAXES

The assessed valuation of the tangible property for the purpose of local taxation as of August 21, 2018, was as follows:

Real estate	105,883,255
Personal property	27,021,556
Total	132,904,811

The tax levy per \$100 of assessed valuation of tangible real and personal property for the calendar year 2018 was as follows:

General Fund	0.5312
Parks and Recreation Fund	0.1487
Total	0.6799

Property taxes may attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied no later than November 1 and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied by November 1 become delinquent January 1 of the following year.

#### NOTE 13. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transfers during the year ended September 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Transfers in:				
	Parks and Recreation	Fire Protection	General	Nonmajor Governmental	Total
Transfers out:					, 5 15.
General		780,695		175,365	956,060
Fire Protection					
Street			1,700	13,000	14,700
Parks and					
Recreation			132,598		132,598
Nonmajor Governmental	9,648		19,912		29,560
Total	9,648	780,695	154,210	188,365	1,132,918

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### NOTE 14. AIRPORT CONTRACT

On April 16, 2013, the City amended its long-term agreement with the Clinton Airport Association, Inc., whereby the City pays an operating subsidy of \$105,000 per year to the Association, and in return the Association operates the City-owned airport.

#### NOTE 14. AIRPORT CONTRACT (Continued)

Semiannual payments of \$52,500 are made each January 1 and July 1. This amendment commenced May 1, 2013, and extends through September 30, 2050. All revenues and expenditures related to airport operations are the responsibility of the Association, although the City has agreed to maintain and repair the runways, taxiways, aircraft parking area, and roadway leading from the public highway to the airport, and other maintenance as required by the FAA. At the termination of the lease, the City will acquire from the Association any airport capital improvements constructed by the Association. The operating subsidy may be modified only by written agreement between the parties by May 31 of such year, and such modifications would be effective on the following October 1.

As of September 30, 2019, a schedule of future minimum operating subsidy payments required under the above is as follows:

Years Ending	
September 30,	
2020	105,000
2021	105,000
2022	105,000
2023	105,000
2024	105,000
2025 - 2029	525,000
2030 - 2034	525,000
2035 - 2039	525,000
2040 - 2044	525,000
2045 - 2049	525,000
2050	105,000
	3,255,000

#### NOTE 15. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years.

The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the Plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries and are not subject to the claims of creditors. Compensation deferred under the Plan is invested at the direction of the covered employee.

During 1998, the City adopted Statement No. 32 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Accounting and Reporting for Internal Revenue Code 457 Deferred Compensation Plans.

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 15. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (Continued)

As a result of this change, the City reported the deferred compensation plan as an expendable trust fund instead of an agency fund in its annual financial statements. However, in 1999, it was determined that the City does not act in a fiduciary capacity with respect to the Plan investments. Accordingly, effective in 1999, the Plan assets are not reported in the City's financial statements.

#### NOTE 16. INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE

Intergovernmental revenue during the year ended September 30, 2019, consisted of:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds
State Departments and Agencies		
Missouri Department of Transportation	349,915	743,000
Missouri Department of Economic Development		68,272
Clinton Rural Fire Association		8,225
Total	349,915	819,497

#### NOTE 17. COMMITMENTS

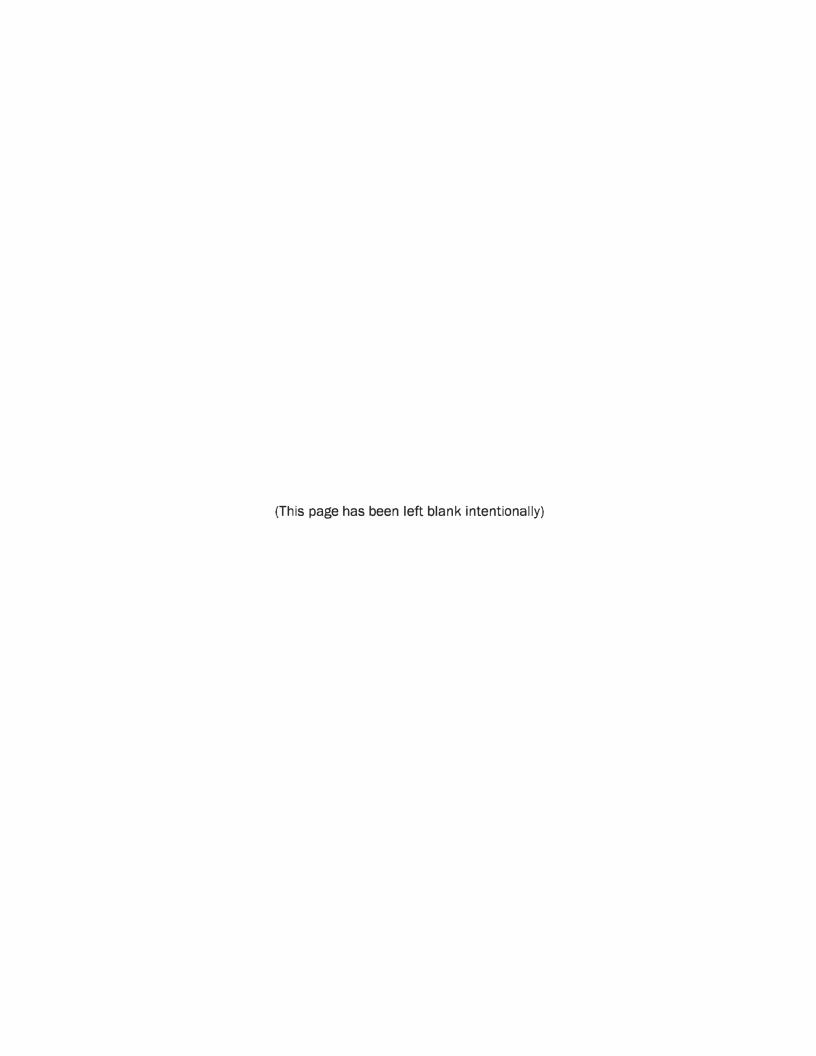
As of September 30, 2019, the City has an outstanding construction commitment related to the ongoing improvements of Green Street. At year end, the City's remaining commitment for this project totaled approximately \$871 thousand.

#### NOTE 18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing the financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through January 7, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.







# CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Genera	I Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Charges for services				
Property	696,100	696,100	718,498	22,398
Sales	1,870,000	1,870,000	1,938,621	68,621
Franchise	1,045,000	1,045,000	982,211	(62,789)
Other	144,550	144,550	161,479	16,929
Charges for services	208,700	208,700	207,416	(1,284)
Fines and forfeitures	66,500	66,500	89,906	23,406
Intergovernmental	153,599	154,342	831,388	677,046
Interest	35,000	44,200	81,274	37,074
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,000	6,613	1,613
Total revenues	4,224,449	4,234,392	5,017,406	783,014
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government	471,656	507,084	537,281	(30,197)
Public Safety	2,028,442	2,058,543	1,953,161	105,382
Economic Development	303,373	303,373	249,596	53,777
Airport	266,917	266,917	193,587	73,330
Sanitation	202,821	160,821	153,821	7,000
Capital outlay	122,554	596,500	318,790	277,710
Debt service				
Principal	131,815	131,815	131,815	
Interest and fiscal fees	48,150	48,150	48,150	
Total expenditures	3,575,728	4,073,203	3,586,201	487,002
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	648,721	161,189	1,431,205	1,270,016

# CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Genera	I Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Transfers in  Transfers out	169,998 (990,060)	169,998 (990,060)	154,210 (956,060)	(15,788) 34,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(820,062)	(820,062)	(801,850)	18,212
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(171,341)	(658,873)	629,355	1,288,228
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE, beginning of year			2,483,829	
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE, end of year			3,113,184	
Accrual adjustments			641,301	
FUND BALANCE, end of year			3,754,485	

See accompanying notes to budgetary comparison schedules.

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			Stre	Street Fund			Street Improvement Fund			
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	- ·		Variance	0	<u> </u>		Variance	
		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
	REVENUES	Duuget	Duuget	Actual	(IACERTAC)	Duuget	Duaget	Actual	(INCEDITIVE)	
	Taxes									
	Property			326	326					
	Sales	795,000	795,000	826,246	31,246	445,000	445,000	461,837	16,837	
	Licenses, fees, and permits	500	500	910	410					
	Interest	6,000	6,000	678	(5,322)	1,000	1,000	10,119	9,119	
	Miscellaneous			19,692	19,692					
	Total revenues	801,500	801,500	847,852	46,352	446,000	446,000	471,956	25,956	
	EXPENDITURES									
	Current									
	Streets	1,031,362	1,319,421	692,400	627,021					
	Street improvements					100,000	100,000	294	99,706	
	Capital outlay	31,000	31,000	455,348	(455,348)			1,414,959	(1,414,959)	
62	Debt service - principal					215,000	215,000	215,000 278,227	4	
	Debt service - interest and fees	4 000 000	4.050.404	4 4 4 7 7 4 0	000.070	278,228	278,228		1 (4.245.050)	
	Total expenditures	1,062,362	1,350,421	1,147,748	202,673	593,228	593,228	1,908,480	(1,315,252)	
	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)									
	EXPENDITURES	(260,862)	(548,921)	(299,896)	249,025	(147,228)	(147,228)	(1,436,524)	(1,289,296)	
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
	Proceeds from sale of assets			22,032	22,032					
	Debt proceeds			,	•			500,000	500,000	
	Transfers out	(14,700)	(14,700)	(14,700)						
	Total other financing sources (uses)	(14,700)	(14,700)	7,332	22,032			500,000	500,000	
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(275,562)	(563,621)	(292,564)	271,057	(147,228)	(147,228)	(936,524)	(789,296)	
	BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE,									
	beginning of year			948,493				3,809,641		
	BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE, end of year			655,929				2,873,117		
	ond or your			,						
	Accrual adjustments			120,036				(191,568)		
	FUND BALANCE, end of year			775,965				2,681,549		

### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			Parks and F	Recreation Fun	d		Fire Prot	ection Fund	d	
	REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
	Taxes									
	Property	194,900	194,900	201,233	6,333					
	Sales	898,720	898,720	947,103	48,383	445,000	445,000	461,837	16,837	
	Charges for services	210,450	210,450	250,200	39,750					
	Interest	250	250	5,857	5,607		0.000	0.005	(075)	
	Intergovernmental	2,500	2,500		(2,500)	9,200	9,200	8,225	(975)	
	Donations	200	200		(200)		400	0.075	0.775	
	Miscellaneous	500	500	10,938	10,438	100	100	3,875	3,775	
	Total revenues	1,307,520	1,307,520	1,415,331	107,811	454,300	454,300	473,937	19,637	
	EXPENDITURES									
	Current					4 000 000	4 000 000	4 4 0 0 0 0 5	(4.0.04.0)	
	Public safety	4 400 450	4 400 04 4	4 4 4 0 5 0 7	04 007	1,089,909	1,089,909	1,100,825	(10,916)	
_	Parks and Recreation	1,122,458	1,163,914	1,142,527	21,387					
63	Debt service - principal					76,022	76,022	76,021	1	
	Debt service - interest and fees				(10001)	27,264	27,264	27,264	000400	
	Capital outlay		27,169	39,970	(12,801)	32,000	60,831	363,024	302,193	
	Total expenditures	1,122,458	1,191,083	1,182,497	8,586	1,225,195	1,254,026	1,567,134	(313,108)	
	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)									
	EXPENDITURES	185,062	116,437	232,834	116,397	(770,895)	(799,726)	(1,093,197)	(293,471)	
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of assets							6,975	6,975	
	Transfers in	7,000	7,000	9,648	2,648	780,695	780,695	780,695		
	Transfers out	(132,598)	(132,598)	(132,598)						
	Total other financing sources (uses)	(125,598)	(125,598)	(122,950)	2,648	780,695	780,695	787,670	6,975	
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	59,464	(9,161)	109,884	119,045	9,800	(19,031)	(305,527)	(286,496)	
	BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE,									
	beginning of year			145,637				306,602		
	BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE,									
	end of year			255,521				1,075		
	Accrual adjustments			115,327				53,048		
	FUND BALANCE, end of year			370,848				54,123		

#### 64

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

				Total I Revenue Fund	ds
	REVENUES Taxes	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
	Property Sales Charges for services	194,900 2,583,720 210,450	194,900 2,583,720 210,450	201,559 2,697,023 250,200	6,659 113,303 39,750
	Licenses, fees, and permits Interest Intergovernmental Donations	500 7,250 11,700 200	500 7,250 11,700 200	910 16,654 8,225	410 9,404 (3,475) (200)
	Miscellaneous Total revenues	3,009,320	3,009,320	34,505 3,209,076	33,905 199,756
	EXPENDITURES Current				
D.	Streets Community Center Parks and Recreation	1,031,362 100,000 1,122,458	100,000 1,163,914	692,400 294 1,142,527	627,021 99,706 21,387
>	Public safety Capital outlay Debt service - principal	1,089,909 32,000 76,022	1,089,909 88,000 76,022	1,100,825 2,273,301 76,021	(10,916) (2,185,301) 1
	Total expenditures  EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)	3,375,729	3,761,244	5,285,368	(1,524,124)
	EXPENDITURES	(366,409)	(751,924)	(2,076,292)	(1,324,368)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of assets Debt proceeds			29,007 500,000	29,007 500,000
	Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing courses (uses)	787,695 (147,298) 640,397	787,695 (147,298)	790,343 (147,298)	2,648
	Total other financing sources (uses)  NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	273,988	640,397 (111,527)	1,172,052 (904,240)	(792,713)
	BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	24.07		5,210,373	
	BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE, end of year			3,785,642	
	Accrual adjustments			96,843	
	FUND BALANCE, end of year			3,882,485	

See accompanying notes to budgetary comparison schedules.

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

#### NOTE 1. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets for the City are prepared and adopted on the cash basis (budget basis) for all governmental and proprietary funds. The Council performs the following procedures in establishing the budget:

A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments on proposed tax rates.

The City Administrator submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.

Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance.

The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council. The fund level constitutes the City's legal level of budgetary control. Reported budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or amended by Council resolution.

Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end but may be reappropriated in the following fiscal year.

The actual results of operations are presented in comparison to the budgets on the combined statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual - all governmental fund types and statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position - budget and actual - proprietary fund types. The actual results are presented in accordance with the cash basis of accounting and reconciled to the modified accrual basis used for governmental fund types and accrual basis for proprietary funds.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council.

Expenditures for capital outlay in the Street Improvement Fund are not budgeted for, as they are paid from the escrow account in which the capital lease proceeds were deposited. City Council has approved of all such expenditures.

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Contributions			
		in Relation to			Contributions
	Actuarially	the Statutorily	Contribution		as a
	Determined	Required	Deficiency		Percentage
Fiscal Year	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Covered	of Covered
Ending	(a)	(b)	(a-b)	Payroll (d)	Payroll (b/d)
September 30, 2008	48,178	48,178		2,399,329	2.01%
September 30, 2009	110,583	110,583		2,581,308	4.28%
September 30, 2010	100,488	96,326	4,162	2,493,370	3.86%
September 30, 2011	218,027	123,458	94,569	2,564,688	4.81%
September 30, 2012	229,989	148,933	81,056	2,540,041	5.86%
September 30, 2013	307,669	185,569	122,100	2,701,843	6.87%
September 30, 2014	299,219	217,390	81,829	2,760,923	7.87%
September 30, 2015	307,138	242,141	64,997	2,772,235	8.73%
September 30, 2016	302,967	251,549	51,418	2,762,738	9.11%
September 30, 2017	269,813	244,795	25,018	2,715,553	9.01%
September 30, 2018	293,856	261,737	32,119	2,707,972	9.67%
September 30, 2019	332,494	332,494		2,921,894	11.38%

#### 67

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Service cost			September 30, 2015	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2019
Interest on total pension liability  Difference between expected and actual experience of the total pension liability Changes in assumptions Contributions - employer Net investment (income) loss Pension plan administrative expense Other  Other  Difference between expected and actual (419,308) (419,308) (142,907) (252,265) (6,085) (6,085) (134,20) (254,976) (258,065) (318,75) (201,224) (1,583) (1,185,494) (1,339,152) (839,68) (901,224) (1,339,152) (1,354) (1,42) (1,339,152) (1,339,152) (1,42) (1,339,152) (1,42) (1,339,152) (1,42) (1,43) (1,43) (1,44) (1,44) (1,45)	١	Net pension liability (asset) - beginning	(413,708)	(190,670)	806,943	298,878	(415,970)
Difference between expected and actual experience of the total pension liability Changes in assumptions Contributions - employer Net investment (income) loss Pension plan administrative expense Other  Difference between expected and actual (419,308) (142,907) (252,265) (6,085) (254,976) (258,065) (258,065) (318,75 (201,224) 1,583 (1,185,494) (1,339,152) (839,68 (1,1743) (1,104) (1,354) (1,42) (1,354) (1,42) (1,354) (1,42) (1,354) (1,42) (1,354) (1,42) (1,354) (1,42) (1,354) (1,42) (1,354) (1,42) (1,42) (1,339,152) (1,43) (1,43) (1,43) (1,43) (1,44)	;	Service cost	252,041	250,626	253,067	252,826	259,024
experience of the total pension liability Changes in assumptions Contributions - employer Net investment (income) loss Pension plan administrative expense Other  (419,308) (142,907) (252,265) (6,085) (254,976) (258,065) (318,75 (201,224) 1,583 (1,185,494) (1,339,152) (839,68 (1,185,494) (1,339,152) (839,68 (1,185,494) (1,339,152) (1,354 (1,42) (1,354) (1,42) (1,354) (1,42) (1,4	١	Interest on total pension liability	722,054	732,826	789,757	813,349	853,781
Changes in assumptions  Contributions - employer  (237,599)  (246,860)  (254,976)  (258,065)  (318,75  (201,224)  (201,22	١	Difference between expected and actual					
Contributions - employer (237,599) (246,860) (254,976) (258,065) (318,75  Net investment (income) loss (201,224) 1,583 (1,185,494) (1,339,152) (839,68  Pension plan administrative expense 11,743 11,104 10,956 11,354 16,42  Other 95,331 (33,347) 130,890 (189,075) (6,68		experience of the total pension liability	(419,308)	(142,907)	(252,265)	(6,085)	134,209
Net investment (income) loss (201,224) 1,583 (1,185,494) (1,339,152) (839,68 pension plan administrative expense 11,743 11,104 10,956 11,354 16,42 Other 95,331 (33,347) 130,890 (189,075) (6,68 pension plan administrative expense 95,331 (33,347) 130,890 (189,075)	(	Changes in assumptions		424,588			
Pension plan administrative expense 11,743 11,104 10,956 11,354 16,42 Other 95,331 (33,347) 130,890 (189,075) (6,68	(	Contributions - employer	(237,599)	(246,860)	(254,976)	(258,065)	(318,753)
Other 95,331 (33,347) 130,890 (189,075) (6,68	١	Net investment (income) loss	(201,224)	1,583	(1,185,494)	(1,339,152)	(839,683)
	1	Pension plan administrative expense	11,743	11,104	10,956	11,354	16,420
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (190,670) 806,943 298,878 (415,970) 433,22	1 (	Other	95,331	(33,347)	130,890	(189,075)	(6,684)
	١	Net pension liability (asset) - ending	(190,670)	806,943	298,878	(415,970)	433,223 **

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is to be provided prospectively beginning with the fiscal year ending September 30, 2015.

<sup>\*\*</sup> For further analysis of the changes in net pension liability see the disclosure in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	101.86%	92.66%	97.36%	100.49%	96.78%
Covered payroll	2,762,206	2,740,874	2,658,434	2,728,602	2,806,323
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	-6.90%	29.44%	11.24%	-15.24%	15.44%



(This page has been left blank intentionally)

# CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI GENERAL FUND COMPONENTS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		General Fund	Energy Improvements Fund	Second Street/ Calvird Drive Maintenance Fund	Eliminations	Total
	REVENUES					
	Charges for services					
	Property	721,266				721,266
	Sales	1,953,508				1,953,508
	Franchise	973,027				973,027
	Other	161,520				161,520
	Charges for services	207,416				207,416
83	Fines and forfeitures	81,021				81,021
	Intergovernmental	349,915		743,000		1,092,915
	Interest	81,274		8,885		90,159
	Miscellaneous	6,613				6,613
	Total revenues	4,535,560		751,885		5,287,445
	EXPENDITURES					
	Current					
	General Government	513,428				513,428
	Public Safety	1,953,161				1,953,161
	Economic Development	249,596				249,596
	Airport	193,587				193,587
	Sanitation	153,821				153,821
	Capital oulay	318,790				318,790
	Debt service					
	Principal	9,967	121,848			131,815
	Interest and fiscal fees		48,150			48,150
	Total expenditures	3,392,350	169,998			3,562,348

# CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI GENERAL FUND COMPONENTS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		General Fund	Energy Improvements Fund	Second Street/ Calvird Drive Maintenance Fund	Eliminations	Total
	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,143,210	(169,998)	751,885		1,725,097
69	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Transfers in  Transfers out  Total other financing sources (uses)	18,212 (990,060) (971,848)	169,998		(34,000)	154,210 (956,060) (801,850)
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	171,362		751,885		923,247
	FUND BALANCE beginning of year	2,831,235	3			2,831,238
	FUND BALANCE, end of year	3,002,597	3	751,885		3,754,485

See accompanying notes to budgetary comparison schedules.

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

					Area		
		Aquatic	Community		Transportation	Industrial	
		Center	Center	Cemetery	Service	Park	
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
	ASSETS						
	ASSETS						
	Pooled cash and investments			47,392	37,922		85,314
	Other receivables				4,666		4,666
	Prepaid items			5,382	4,077		9,459
7	·						
70	TOTAL ASSETS			52,774	46,665		99,439
	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
	LIABILITIES						
	Accounts payable			817	1,828		2,645
	Accrued expenditures			3,623	3,324		6,947
	Total liabilities			4,440	5,152	3,	9,592
			7, 3	<del></del>	<del></del>	÷	<del></del>
	FUND BALANCES						
	Nonspendable			5,382	4,077		9,459
	Assigned			42,952	37,436		80,388
	Total fund balances			48,334	41,513		89,847
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND						
	FUND BALANCES			52,774	46,665		99,439
		A-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1					

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Aquatic Center Fund	Community Center Fund	Cemetery Fund	Area Transportation Service Fund	Industrial Park Fund	Total
REVENUES			runa	, and	rana	rotar
Charges for services			67,348	13,656		81,004
Intergovernmental				68,272		68,272
Interest	23	56	40.700	00.4	40.050	79
Miscellaneous			18,780	684	10,850	30,314
Total revenues	23	56	86,128	82,612	10,850	179,669
EXPENDITURES Current						
Cemetery operations			151,917			151,917
Transportation				144,967		144,967
Capital outlay			_18,000			18,000
Total expenditures			169,917	144,967		314,884
EXCESS OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	23	56	(83,789)	(62,355)	10,850	(135,215)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	(7.45)	(4.000)	98,586	89,779	(04.740)	188,365
Transfers out	<u>(745</u> )	(1,903)	(4,350)	(850)	(21,712)	(29,560)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(745</u> )	(1,903)	94,236	88,929	(21,712)	158,805

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Aquatic Center Fund	Community Center Fund	Cemetery Fund	Area Transportation Service Fund	Industrial Park Fund	Total
	EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	(722)	(1,847)	10,447	26,574	(10,862)	23,590
72	FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	722	_1,847	37,887	14,939	10,862	66,257
	FUND BALANCE, end of year			48,334	41,513		89,847

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Cemetery Fund			Area Transportation Service Fund				Industrial Park Fund				
		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
	REVENUES Sales taxes Charges for services Intergovernmental	69,625	69,625	67,348	(2,277)	22,000 68.037	22,000 68,037	13,656 74,362	(8,344) 6,325				
	Other Total revenues	69,625	69,625	18,780 86,128	18,780 16,503	90,037	90,037	684 88,702	(1,335)	10,648	10,648	10,850 10,850	202
	EXPENDITURES Current	163,861	181,674			30,001		00,102	(1,000)	10,040	10,040		
	Cemetery operations Transportation services Capital outlay			156,817 	24,857 (18,000)	165,966 13,000	165,966 13,000	145,285	20,681 13,000				
73	Total expenditures	163,861	181,674	174,817	6,857	178,966	178,966	145,285	33,681				
	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(94,236)	(112,049)	(88,689)	9,646	(88,929)	(88,929)	(56,583)	(35,016)	10,648	10,648	10,850	202
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	98,586 (4,350) 94,236	98,586 (4,350) 94,236	98,586 (4,350) 94,236		89,779 (850) 88,929	89,779 (850) 88,929	89,779 (850) 88,929		(3,500) (3,500)	(23,500)	(21,712) (21,712)	1,788 1,788
	EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	_	(17,813)	5,547	9,646			32,346	(35,016)	7,148	(12,852)	(10,862)	1,990
	BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE, beginning of year			41,845				5,576				10,862	
	BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE, end of year			47,392				37,922					
	Accrual adjustments			942				3,591					
	FUND BALANCE, end of year			48,334				41,513					

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Aquatic Center Fund			Community Center Fund				Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds				
		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
	REVENUES Sales taxes Charges for services Intergovernmental Other			23	23			56	56	91,625 68,037	91,625 68,037 10,648	81,004 74,362 30,393	(10,621) 6,325 19,745
	Total revenues			23	23			56	56	159,662	170,310	185,759	15,449
	EXPENDITURES Current									4.02.004	4.04.674	450.047	04.057
	Cemetery operations Transportation services									163,861 165,966	181,674 165,966	156,817 145,285	24,857 20,681
74	Capital outlay									13,000	13,000	18,000	(5,000)
	Total expenditures									355,827	373,640	320,102	35,538
	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES			23	23			56	56	(196,165)	(203,330)	(134,343)	68,987
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out		(850)	(745)	(745)			(1,903)	1,903	188,365 (8,700)	188,365 (29,550)	188,365 (29,560)	1,158
	Total other financing sources (uses)		(850)	(745)	105			(1,903)	1,903	179,665	158,815	158,805	1,158
	EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES		(250)	(722)	420			(4.0.47)	4.050	(4.0.500)	(44 54 5)	24.462	70.445
			(850)	(722)	128			(1,847)	1,959	(16,500)	(44,515)	24,462	70,145
	BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE, beginning of year			722				1,847				60,852	
	BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE, end of year											85,314	
	Accrual adjustments			<del></del>								4,533	
	FUND BALANCE, end of year											89,847	

# CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI PROPRIETARY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Charges for services Sewer taps Miscellaneous	1,136,800 2,000	1,136,800 2,000	1,162,279 2,300 3,456	25,479 300 3,456
Total revenues	1,138,800	1,138,800	1,168,035	29,235
EXPENSES				
Personnel services	374,399	374,399	363,581	10,818
Contractual services	862,633	1,037,633	663,330	374,303
Commodities and other	202,700	237,700	164,890	72,810
Capital outlay	463,854	463,854	368,494	95,360
Total expenses	1,903,586	2,113,586	1,560,295	553,291
NONOPERATING REVENUE Interest and investment income Grants Sales tax Total nonoperating revenue	55,000 <u>2,000</u> 57,000	55,000 <u>2,000</u> 57,000	165,182 7,460 ————————————————————————————————————	110,182 7,460 (2,000) 115,642
NET CHANGE IN BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE	(707,786)	(917,786)	(219,618)	698,168
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE, beginning of year			6,506,463	
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE, end of year			6,286,845	
Accrual adjustments			9,407,519	
NET POSITION, end of year			15,694,364	

#### STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of the City of Clinton's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and wellbeing have changed over time.	76-81
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's two most significant local revenue sources: sales tax and property tax.	82 - 87
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	88 - 91
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	92 - 93
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	94 - 97

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City fully implemented GASB Statement Nos. 63 and 65 in fiscal year 2013; schedules presenting government-wide information relating to these GASB Statements began in those years.



#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI NET ASSETS/POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities										
Invested in capital assets,										
net of related debt	12,034,561	12,518,505	15,642,101	18,630,582	18,722,320	19,155,296	19,434,211	19,677,735	19,179,803	17,262,136
Restricted	263,101	150,000	150,000	866					25,000	
Unrestricted	2,952,093	_3,258,196	3,433,202	2,983,814	3,133,479	3,506,150	3,552,321	2,984,916	4,463,776	6,987,360
Total governmental activities	15,249,755	15,926,701	19,225,303	21,615,262	21,855,799	22,661,446	22,986,532	22,662,651	23,668,579	24,249,496
				-						
Business-type activities										
Invested in capital assets,										
net of related debt	5,518,932	5,752,930	6,270,755	6,776,992	7,379,173	9,750,449	10,367,346	10,012,247	9,674,936	9,428,263
Restricted	679,184	875,725	879,545	887,712	886,332	592,432				
Unrestricted	6,171,181	6,259,369	6,546,554	6,904,615	7,186,285	6,030,215	6,357,457	6,459,257	6,423,785	6,266,101
Total business-type activities	12,369,297	12,888,024	13,696,854	14,569,319	15,451,790	16,373,096	16,724,803	16,471,504	16,098,721	15,694,364
Primary government										
Net investment in capital										
assets	17,553,493	18,271,435	21,912,856	25,407,574	26,101,493	28,905,745	29,801,557	29,689,982	28,854,739	26,690,399
Restricted	942,285	1,025,725	1,029,545	888,578	886,332	592,432			25,000	
Unrestricted	9,123,274	9,517,565	9,979,756	9,888,429	10,319,764	9,536,365	9,909,778	9,444,173	10,887,561	13,253,461
Total primary government	27,619,052	28,814,725	32,922,157	36,184,581	37,307,589	39,034,542	39,711,335	39,134,155	39,767,300	39,943,860

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI CHANGES IN NET ASSETS/POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
EXPENSES										
Governmental activities										
General Government	533,694	502,104	476,981	445,781	451,456	505,852	497,342	570,928	509,151	670,772
Public Safety	2,350,055	2,452,557	2,612,788	2,663,868	2,729,582	2,840,860	2,951,432	2,963,898	2,773,318	3,524,443
Economic Development	329,335	270,862	265,829	287,804	349,253	318,535	311,347	291,094	228,182	260,901
Airport	217,294	184,504	57,367	90,524	283,866	264,488	262,993	263,483	334,478	360,841
Sanitation	128,246	134,430	137,171	137,841	137,537	140,724	150,053	142,643	141,784	166,566
Streets	678,487	657,386	670,130	675,528	706,687	669,271	640,728	560,806	670,560	834,924
Parks and Recreation	1,313,873	1,391,184	1,326,807	1,481,707	1,408,773	1,449,619	1,411,061	1,244,456	1,482,424	1,626,148
Community Center	18,289	1,425	1,425	118	1,251	1,250	1,195	650		
Cemetery operations	169,439	164,793	140,270	161,960	145,446	147,030	141,357	164,905	151,465	177,503
Transportation services	143,032	158,598	168,295	158,522	155,206	155,270	146,324	157,956	149,951	160,955
Industrial Park	13,188	35,505	60,516	36,005	34,505	18,803	10,587	10,505	10,504	10,505
Pass-through for hospital								245,897	135,449	
Interest on long-term debt	163,311	147,277	126,032	84,514	17,685	3,108	73,177	104,001	51,630	353,641
Total governmental activities										
expenses	6,058,243	6,100,625	6,043,611	6,224,172	6,421,247	6,514,810	6,597,596	6,721,222	6,638,896	8,147,199
5.p5.1555										
Business-type activities										
Sewer	1,224,742	1,300,144	1.255.326	1,326,817	1,351,187	1.332.186	1.364.488	1.432.453	1.651.997	1.739.547
001101		,,	1,200,020					2, 102, 100		2,100,011
Total primary government										
expenses	7,282,985	7.400.769	7.298.937	7.550.989	7,772,434	7.846.996	7.962.084	8.153.675	8.290.893	9.886.746
САРСИВСЬ	1,202,000	1,400,100	1,200,001	1,000,000	1,112,404	1,040,000	7,502,004	0,100,010	0,200,000	0,000,140
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental activities										
Charges for services										
General Government	142,185	106,034	95.848	86,584	100,293	87,922	94.789	121,248	89,106	90.649
Public Safety	121,946	110,643	130,168	116,212	134,685	133,169	114,315	91,916	75,761	81,021
Sanitation	87,466	96,129	105,330	119,483	114,526	114,370	115.783	117.608	110,053	116,767
Streets	1,601	1.365	2,443	735	1.747	330	569	1,050	950	910
Parks and Recreation	198,206	227,143	213,138	221,117	242,926	223.731	206,839	213,680	226,093	249.700
Cemetery operations	198,200	101,180	124,475	80,460	74,100	110,635	66,825	,	56,009	67,348
Transportation services	22,483	27,388	23,255	21,606	28,107		•	70,229		
Industrial Park	22,403	21,300	23,255	21,606	20,107	20,980	19,178	18,642	15,542	13,656
		400.745	405 744	64.000	00.050	77.000	74 700	14,323	10,249	
Operating grants and contributions	644.112	126,745	105,714	61,332	90,059	77,082	71,766	333,922	239,428	76,497
Capital grants and contributions	044,112	385,315	2,924,986	2,303,130	43,398	254,321	543,635	67,700	33,774	1,092,915
Total governmental activities										
program revenues	1,321,879	1,181,942	3,725,357	3,010,659	829,841	1,022,540	1,233,699	1,050,318	856,965	1,789,463

\_

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI CHANGES IN NET ASSETS/POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

PROGRAM REVENUES (Continued)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Business-type activities										
Charges for services										
Sewer	480,011	811,992	1,070,165	1,265,908	1,253,163	1,239,243	1,187,524	1,166,003	1,167,009	1,159,092
Operating grants and contributions		902	19,550		<del></del>				-	
Total business-type activities program revenues	480.011	812.894	1.089.715	1.265.908	1,253,163	1,239,243	1,187,524	1,166,003	1,167,009	1,159,092
program revenues	400,011	012,034	1,000,110	1,200,000	1,200,100	1,200,240	1,101,524	1,100,003	1,101,003	1,100,002
Total primary government										
program revenues	1,801,890	1,993,934	4,795,522	4,276,567	2,083,004	2,261,783	2,421,223	2,216,321	2,023,974	2,948,555
NET EXPENSE										
Governmental activities	(4.736.364)	(4,918,683)	(2,318,254)	(3,213,513)	(5,591,406)	(5,492,270)	(5,363,897)	(5.670.904)	(5.781.931)	(6,357,736)
Business-type activities	(744,731)	(487,250)	(165,611)	(60,909)	(98,024)	(92,943)	(176,964)	(266,450)	(484,988)	(580,455)
Total primary government net expense	(5,481,095)	(5,405,933)	(2,483,865)	(3,274,422)	(5,689,430)	(5,585,213)	(5,540,861)	(5,937,354)	(6,266,919)	(6,938,191)
,	(-,,,	(1,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,	(=, :==,==,	(=,==,,,==,,	(-,,	(=,===,===,	(=,= :=,= ==,	(=,==:,==:,	(-,,	(-,,,
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER										
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS										
Governmental activities										
Taxes	767.012	781.039	803.346	796.187	829.769	837.460	847.750	847.237	911.571	923,600
Property taxes Franchise taxes	1,113,420	1,120,803	1,068,730	1,091,162	1,132,963	1,129,594	999,207	1,078,125	1,070,612	973.027
Sales taxes	3,437,312	3,441,265	3,508,951	3,523,889	3.622.103	3,674,572	3,601,120	3,159,814	4,516,922	4.674.139
Other taxes	144.408	135.713	145.385	148.109	140.558	140.276	153.618	146.440	148.888	161.520
Unrestricted investment earnings	10.862	7,685	5,845	5,729	5,181	7,724	14,872	23,911	70,110	107,267
Miscellaneous	175.590	46.717	84.599	38,496	101,369	77,379	72,416	46,457	79,756	99.100
Transfers	175,590	40,717	04,555	30,430	101,505	11,515	12,410	45,039	(10,000)	33,100
Special item	(1,357,407)							40,000	(10,000)	
·		F F22 000	F C4C 0FC	F 600 F70	F 024 042	F 007 00F	F.000,000	F 247 002	0.707.050	0000000
Total governmental activities	4,291,197	5,533,222	5,616,856	5,603,572	5,831,943	5,867,005	5,688,983	5,347,023	6,787,859	6,938,653
Business-type activities										
Taxes										
Sales taxes	843,020	853,343	855,899	851,030	895,374	904,254	471,631	2,180	75	
Unrestricted investment earnings	220,921	152,394	116,467	99,974	82,325	66,634	55,766	51,029	99,804	165,182
Grants										7,460
Miscellaneous	1,317	240	2,075	(83)	2,796	1,873	1,274	4,981	2,326	3,456
Transfers	•		•	, ,	•	•	•	(45,039)	10,000	,
Total business-type activities	1,065,258	1,005,977	974,441	950,921	980,495	972,761	528,671	13,151	112,205	176,098
Total Submisso type detivities		2,000,011	01 1,112	- 000,021	300,400		- 020,011		112,203	
Total primary government	5,356,455	6,539,199	6,591,297	6,554,493	6,812,438	6,839,766	6,217,654	5,360,174	6,900,064	7,114,751
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS/POSITION										
Governmental activities	(445,167)	614,539	3,298,602	2,390,059	240,537	374,735	325,086	(323,881)	1,005,928	580.917
Business-type activities	320.527	518.727	808.830	890.012	882.471	879.818	351,707	(253,299)		,
**									(372,783)	(404,357)
Total primary government	(124,640)	1,133,266	4,107,432	3,280,071	1,123,008	1,254,553	676,793	(577,180)	633,145	176,560

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
GENERAL FUND										
Reserved	39,532									
Unreserved	1,640,822									
Nonspendable		33,209	34,999	42,868	58,021	69,133	73,948	70,110	37,038	113,201
Assigned							121,055			751,885
Unassigned		2,198,171	2,235,716	2,098,478	2,096,941	2,222,568	2,307,971	2,339,113	2,794,200	2,889,399
Total General Fund	1,680,354	2,231,380	2,270,715	2,141,346	2,154,962	2,291,701	2,502,974	2,409,223	2,831,238	3,754,485
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS										
Reserved	279,474									
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	1,363,230									
Nonspendable		113,754	98,092	28,284	38,280	45,612	48,788	46,198	60,793	66,080
Restricted		150,000	150,000	866				4,546,384	3,767,507	2,524,797
_ Committed		130,085	82,721	153,148	305,721					
Assigned Assigned		900,642	1,105,047	803,889	777,059	1,063,429	1,218,379	1,072,392	1,713,823	629,570
Unassigned (deficit)		(1,932)						(98,928)	(27,590)	
Total all other governmental			-							
funds	1,642,704	1,292,549	1,435,860	986,187	1,121,060	1,109,041	1,267,167	5,566,046	5,514,533	3,220,447

Beginning in fiscal year 2011, governmental fund balances were classified in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54.

### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED ACCRUAL LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
REVENUES										
Taxes										
Sales	3,437,312	3,441,265	3,508,951	3,523,889	3,622,103	3,674,572	3,601,120	3,159,814	4,516,922	4,674,139
Property	767,012	781,039	803,346	796,187	829,769	837,460	847,750	847,237	911,571	923,600
Franchise	1,113,420	1,120,803	1,068,730	1,091,162	1,132,963	1,129,594	999,207	1,078,125	1,070,612	973,027
Other	144,408	135,713	145,385	148,109	140,558	140,276	153,618	146,440	148,888	161,520
Fines and forfeitures	121,946	108,199	130,670	116,212	134,685	133,169	111,518	91,916	75,761	81,021
Charges for services	555,821	561,683	563,987	529,985	561,699	557,968	506,780	556,780	508,002	539,030
Intergovernmental	644,112	512,060	2,987,739	2,364,462	133,457	210,348	615,401	401,622	245,702	1,169,412
Interest	10,862	7,685	5,845	5,729	5,181	7,724	14,872	23,911	70,110	107,267
Other revenues	63,500	42,905	123,178	53,158	101,369	73,199	193,471	40,156	74,177	70,093
Total revenues	6,858,393	6,711,352	9,337,831	8,628,893	6,661,784	6,764,310	7,043,737	6,346,001	7,621,745	8,699,109
EVENINE										
EXPENDITURES	450.005	400 500	004 404	004 500	004 474	444004	004.004	440.540	400 000	540.400
General Government	458,207	400,590	384,484	381,538	391,171	414,234	394,391	440,510	436,388	513,428
Public Safety	2,267,417	2,377,111	2,526,732	2,574,084	2,647,100	2,749,667	2,714,459	2,723,294	2,763,983	2,999,007
Economic Development	329,335	270,862	265,829	287,804	349,253	311,782	308,315	284,478	230,574	249,596
Airport	172,266	139,475	39,236	81,003	137,496	118,119	116,093	115,489	168,780	193,587
Sanitation	114,844	121,696	128,463	131,309	131,733	130,575	141,426	132,627	137,823	153,821
Streets	578,769	555,628	558,923	565,668	606,730	560,514	545,634	440,985	583,025	650,449
Community Center	18,289	1,425	1,425	118	1,251	1,250	1,195	650		
Parks and Recreation	985,232	1,070,162	1,012,142	1,129,380	1,107,064	1,119,924	998,584	1,019,512	1,095,769	1,145,105
Cemetery operations	164,409	160,406	128,766	147,122	135,961	133,914	129,245	145,434	145,440	151,917
Transportation services	127,255	134,136	145,009	136,923	136,965	134,158	127,152	136,183	145,867	144,967
Pass-through for hospital								245,897	135,449	
Industrial Park	2,683	25,000	50,011	25,500	24,000	8,298	83		221	
Capital outlay	533,826	610,260	3,254,085	2,919,696	96,806	227,357	837,560	909,877	2,043,396	2,868,716
Debt service										
Principal	533,502	560,326	616,908	671,448	718,270	719,060	275,214	191,469	226,332	422,836
Interest and fiscal fees	166,213	150,179	128,934	87,416	29,495	14,918	84,987	55,483	51,630	353,641
Total expenditures	6,452,247	6,577,256	9,240,947	9,139,009	6,513,295	6,643,770	6,674,338	6,841,888	8,164,677	9,847,070
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER										
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	406.146	134,096	96.884	(510,116)	148.489	120,540	369.399	(495,887)	(542,932)	(1,147,961)
(55 E.1.) E.1. E.1.51.01.E0	700,1-70		00,004	(010,110)	140,400	120,010		(450,001)	(0+2,002)	(1,141,001)

### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED ACCRUAL LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
	Proceeds from sale of assets	126,250	4,368	4,943	3,100		4,180		6,301	33,079	29,007
	Proceeds from capital leases	49,064		80,819	66,567				4,710,000	890,355	
	Proceeds from loans										500,000
	Bond proceeds and premium				1,676,031						
	Payment to escrow for bond defeasance				(1,775,000)						
	Bond issue costs				(39,624)				(60,325)		
	Transfers in	879,491	1,090,722	458,602	698,599	734,182	327,444	333,490	546,301	1,003,465	1,132,918
	Transfers out	(879,491)	(1,090,722)	(458,602)	(698,599)	(734,182)	(327,444)	(333,490)	(501,262)	(1,013,465)	(1,132,918)
	Total other financing										
	sources (uses)	175,314	4,368	85,762	(68,926)		4,180		4,701,015	913,434	529,007
m	NET CHANGE IN FUND	504.400	120.464	400040	(570.040)	140 400	104 700	200 200	4 005 400	270 502	(C10 0E4)
81	BALANCES	581,460	138,464	182,646	(579,042)	148,489	124,720	369,399	4,205,128	370,502	(618,954)
	Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	11.8%	11.9%	12.5%	12.2%	11.7%	11.4%	6.2%	4.2%	4.5%	11.1%

## CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

S	Fiscal Year Ended Real September 30, Property		Personal Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Change in Valuation	Total Direct Tax Rate	
	2010	87,693,918	23,945,621	111,639,539	1,010,105	0.91	0.68
	2011	90,751,759	26,245,674	116,997,433	5,357,894	4.80	0.67
	2012	92,260,998	26,745,321	119,006,319	2,008,886	1.72	0.67
	2013	93,918,385	28,561,692	122,480,077	3,473,758	2.92	0.67
	2014	93,818,113	29,578,201	123,396,314	916,237	0.75	0.68
	2015	95,070,583	28,084,106	123,154,689	(241,625)	(0.20)	0.68
ω	2016	95,982,953	24,588,433	120,571,386	(2,583,303)	(2.10)	0.70
82	2017	102,266,710	26,755,159	129,021,869	8,450,483	7.01	0.68
	2018	103,845,742	24,588,433	128,434,175	(587,694)	(0.46)	0.68
	2019	105,883,255	27,021,556	132,904,811	4,470,636	3.48	0.68

Source: Henry County Assessor's Office

Note: Property in the City is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year		Special		Clinton						Senior	Total	Total
Ended	General	Revenue	Total	Township		City				Citizens	Overlapping	Direct and
September 30,	Fund	Funds	Direct	Road	School	Library	Health	State	County	Service	Rates	Overlapping
2010	0.53	0.15	0.68	0.15	4.41	0.20	0.10	0.03	0.05	0.05	4.99	5.67
2011	0.52	0.15	0.67	0.15	4.37	0.20	0.10	0.03	0.05	0.05	4.95	5.62
2012	0.52	0.15	0.67	0.15	4.37	0.20	0.10	0.03	0.06	0.05	4.96	5.63
2013	0.52	0.15	0.67	0.15	4.38	0.20	0.10	0.03	0.07	0.05	4.98	5.65
2014	0.53	0.15	0.68	0.15	4.37	0.20	0.10	0.03	0.07	0.05	4.97	5.65
2015	0.53	0.15	0.68	0.15	4.37	0.20	0.10	0.03	0.06	0.05	4.96	5.64
2016	0.55	0.15	0.70	0.15	4.39	0.20	0.10	0.03	0.04	0.05	4.96	5.66
2017	0.53	0.15	0.68	0.15	4.39	0.19	0.10	0.03	0.06	0.05	4.97	5.65
2018	0.53	0.15	0.68	0.15	4.39	0.20	0.10	0.03	0.07	0.05	4.99	5.67
2019	0.53	0.15	0.68	0.15	4.39	0.20	0.10	0.03	0.07	0.05	4.99	5.67

Source: Henry County Assessor, Henry County Courthouse

Note: The City's direct property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the City's residents.

In addition, there is a surtax levy on commercial real property of 0.35.

o

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

	2	2019		2010			
	Taxable Assessed	I	Percentages of Total Assessed	Taxable Appraised		Percentages of Total Appraised	
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Valuation	Value	Rank	Valuation	
TKG Truman Lake Mall, LLC	4,075,170	1	3.07	1,133,920	5	1.00	
White River Marine Group, LLC							
(Tracker Marine)	2,022,460	2	1.52	1,094,677	7	0.97	
Schreiber Foods	1,479,040	3	1.11	6,810,647	1	6.03	
Hawthorn Bank	1,436,160	4	1.08	1,571,780	4	1.39	
Champion Brands, LLC	1,183,550	5	0.89	609,256	10	0.54	
T.C. Transcontinental Packaging	834,940	6	0.63				
CMHill Investments	833,480	7	0.63				
Westwood Nursing Center	719,970	8	0.54				
Farmers Elevator & Supply Co.	715,200	9	0.54				
Town Creek Plaza, LLC	616,890	10	0.46	907,310	8	0.80	
Empire Gas District				795,643	9	0.70	
Walmart				2,330,131	2	2.06	
Kansas City Power & Light				1,770,873	3	1.57	
Bourland, James and JoAnn			- Andrew States	1,121,080	6	0.99	
TOTALS	13,916,860		10.47	18,145,317		16.05	

Data provided by Assessor, Henry County Courthouse.

## CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year	Total Taxes Levied	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections as Percent of Current Levy
	2010	753,790	687,988	91.3	65,802	753,790	100.00
	2011	789,967	743,942	94.2	46,025	789,967	100.00
	2012	797,699	740,506	92.8	57,193	797,699	100.00
	2013	820,984	745,682	90.8	75,302	820,984	100.00
	2014	827,125	760,604	92.0	66,521	827,125	100.00
တ္တ	2015	798,508	769,377	96.4	29,131	798,508	100.00
	2016	856,857	801,602	93.6	42,108	843,710	98.47
	2017	842,191	797,325	94.7	33,872	831,197	98.69
	2018	898,797	871,371	96.9	27,426	898,797	100.00
	2019	933,107	876,697	94.0	46,577	923,274	98.95

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal	City	Henry
Year	Rate	County
2010	2.25	1.00
2011	2.25	1.00
2012	2.25	1.00
2013	2.25	1.00
2014	2.25	1.00
2015	2.25	1.00
2016	1.50	1.00
2017	1.50	1.00
2018	2.13	1.00
2019	2.13	1.45

Source: Missouri Department of Revenue

#### 87

#### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (in thousands of dollars) (UNAUDITED)

	Calendar Year									
Sales by Retail Category	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019*
Auto dealers and supplies	3,897	4,101	4,083	4,164	3,609	3,908	4,393	2,679	2,690	1,275
Building materials and farm tools		9,477	10,211	8,302	7,511	8,290	9,489	389	698	172
Communications	6,424	5,949	5,476	5,087	5,304	5,200	4,410	4,139	4,139	1,281
Eating and drinking establishments	20,820	21,458	21,819	21,559	22,137	23,961	23,884	21,801	22,699	10,971
Food stores	15,224	16,047	15,973	14,950	16,328	16,935	17,195	13,500	20,124	9,731
General merchandise	103,696	56,307	57,943	59,889	60,686	63,505	63,722	14,709	14,391	6,454
Home furnishings and appliances	2,635	3,847	3,795	4,104	4,203	4,136	4,057	4,199	2,699	107
All other outlets	6,456	24,173	26,177	27,284	24,747	25,968	28,435	18,835	47,829	10,034
Nondisclosed sales **	5,835	29,831	29,753	32,636	33,393	31,714	31,996			
Total	171,595	164,987	171,190	175,230	177,975	177,918	183,617	80,251	115,269	40,025

<sup>\* - 2019</sup> Data is presented as of June 30, 2019, as full-year information was not available at the time this report was created.

Starting in 2017, the state of Missouri switched from reporting taxable sales using the SIC codes to the NAICS codes.

Source: Missouri Department of Revenue

<sup>\*\* -</sup> The state of Missouri does not disclose sales figures for SIC codes with fewer than six establishments. This category represents the total of those sales.

### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	G 	overnmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			
Fiscal Year	Certificates			Sales Tax	Total	Percentage	
Ended	of	Capital		Revenue	Primary	of Personal	Per
September 30,	Participation	Leases	Loans	Bonds	Government	Income	Capita
2010	3,440,088	71,744		3,222,630	6,786,744	2.17	682
2011	2,912,990	41,418		2,715,525	5,716,418	1.99	635
2012	2,355,892	65,329		2,198,420	4,660,329	1.52	519
2013	1,633,969	70,448		1,671,315	3,375,732	1.12	362
2014	1,000,773	22,178		1,140,790	2,120,615	0.67	235
2015	310,515	2,137,368		577,895	3,025,778	0.93	336
2016	80,257	2,087,154			2,167,411	0.64	238
2017		6,680,685			6,680,685	1.98	734
2018		7,344,707			7,344,707	2.18	824
2019		6,921,997	500,000		7,421,997	2.08	830

## CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes Clinton School District Subtotal, overlapping debt	20,941,572	75.52%	15,815,075
City of Clinton, Missouri, Direct Debt			7,421,997
Total direct and overlapping debt			23,237,072

Note: The School District is the only outstanding, overlapping debt paid by property taxes. The County and all other levying districts do not use property tax for outstanding debt or have no outstanding debt. All debt for the City of Clinton is paid from resources other than property taxes.

### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

	Gen Obligatio		
	Ordinary (1)	Additional (2)	Total
Assessed valuation			128,434,175
Constitutional debt limit	12,843,418	12,843,418	25,686,835
Less general obligation bonds payable	12,843,418	12,843,418	25,686,835
Cash and securities available for retirement	12,843,418	12,843,418	25,686,835

- (1) Article VI, Sections 26(b) and (c) of the State Constitution permits the City, by vote of twothirds of the voting electorate, to incur an indebtedness for City purposes, not to exceed 10% of the taxable tangible property therein as shown by the last completed assessment.
- (2) Article VI, Sections 26(d) and (e) of the State Constitution provides that the City may become indebted not exceeding the aggregate and additional 10% for the purpose of acquiring rights-of-way; constructing, extending, and improving streets and avenues and/or sanitary or storm systems; and purchasing or constructing waterworks, electric, or other light plants, provided that the total general obligation indebtedness of the City does not exceed 20% of the assessed valuation.

### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

### SALES TAX REVENUE BONDS

Fiscal Year	Sales						
Ended	Tax	Debt S	Debt Service				
September 30,	Collections	Principal	Interest	Coverage			
2010	843,020	505,000	178,685	1.23			
2011	853,343	510,000	137,099	1.32			
2012	855,899	520,000	113,461	1.35			
2013	851,030	530,000	106,355	1.34			
2014	895,374	545,000	76,297	1.44			
2015	904,254	575,000	17,432	1.53			
2016	471,631			N/A			
2017	2,180			N/A			
2018	75			N/A			
2019	- 0 -			,			

### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		(2)		
		Per Capita	(3)	(4)
(1)	Personal	Personal	School	Unemployment
Population	Income	Income	Enrollment	Rate
9,950	312,733,450	31,430	2,059	9.82%
9,008	287,922,704	31,963	2,131	8.70%
8,986	305,640,818	34,013	2,221	6.96%
9,313	300,688,831	32,287	2,194	5.80%
9,026	318,446,306	35,281	2,036	5.50%
9,015	324,540,000	36,000	1,976	5.10%
9,100	336,700,000	37,000	1,976	4.80%
9,100	336,700,000	37,000	2,114	3.50%
8,911	356,192,848	36,091	1,944	3.10%
8,947	356,192,848	36,751	2,019	3.20%
	9,950 9,008 8,986 9,313 9,026 9,015 9,100 9,100 8,911	Population         Income           9,950         312,733,450           9,008         287,922,704           8,986         305,640,818           9,313         300,688,831           9,026         318,446,306           9,015         324,540,000           9,100         336,700,000           9,100         336,700,000           8,911         356,192,848	(1) Personal Personal Income  9,950 312,733,450 31,430 9,008 287,922,704 31,963 8,986 305,640,818 34,013 9,313 300,688,831 32,287 9,026 318,446,306 35,281 9,015 324,540,000 36,000 9,100 336,700,000 37,000 9,100 336,700,000 37,000 9,100 336,700,000 37,000 8,911 356,192,848 36,091	(1)         Personal Income         Personal Income         (3)           Population         Income         Income         Enrollment           9,950         312,733,450         31,430         2,059           9,008         287,922,704         31,963         2,131           8,986         305,640,818         34,013         2,221           9,313         300,688,831         32,287         2,194           9,026         318,446,306         35,281         2,036           9,015         324,540,000         36,000         1,976           9,100         336,700,000         37,000         1,976           9,100         336,700,000         37,000         2,114           8,911         356,192,848         36,091         1,944

### Data Sources:

- 1. Bureau of Census for 2012 to 2014, 2018, and 2019; estimates for years 2010 to 2011 and 2015 to 2017.
- 2. Fiscal Years Ended 2010 to 2014 www.missourieconomy.org. Fiscal Years Ended 2015 to 2017 estimated. Fiscal Years Ended 2018 to 2019 Bureau of Census.
- 3. Clinton School District, Clinton Christian Academy, Holy Rosary Catholic School, and 7th Day Adventist School.
- 4. Missouri Career Center for 2010 to 2012 and Missouri Eco Research & Information Center Data for 2013 to 2019 Rate is for Henry County.

### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

	:	2019	2010		
			Percent of		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Total	Employees	Rank
Golden Valley Memorial Hospital	641	1	13.67	650	1
White River Marine, LLC (Tracker Marine)	300	2	6.40	200	5
Compass Health Network (Pathways)	287	3	6.12	160	6
Wal-Mart	245	4	5.23	250	3
Clinton School District	228	5	4.86	250	4
Schreiber Foods	220	6	4.69	562	2
TC Transcontinental	183	7	3.90		
Champion Brands	88	8	1.88		
City of Clinton	72	9	1.54	71	8
KCP & L	5	10	0.11	145	7
Golden Valley Country Mart (Price Cutter)				71	9
Hawthorn Bank				70	10

Source: City of Clinton Staff Survey of Local Employers

# CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY VALUE, CONSTRUCTION PERMITS ISSUED, AND TOTAL DOLLARS ON DEPOSIT AT YEAR END WITH LOCAL BANKS AND SAVINGS AND LOANS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

### Construction Permits and Value

					Total Year End				
					Deposits at	<b>Total Property</b>			
	Resid	ential (1)	Comr	nercial (2)	Local Banks (3)	Value (4)			
Year	Number	· Value	Number	Value	(Thousands)	(Thousands)			
2010	15	1,431,460	8	4,728,526	344,441	463,826			
2011	18	4,991,524	6	1,511,000	363,624	487,637			
2012	33	1,715,085	5	1,727,973	361,060	495,395			
2013	16	881,631	6	732,665	375,483	508,723			
2014	10	952,698	14	9,587,169	365,636	527,750			
2015	27	1,784,995	8	30,108,602	369,532	526,532			
2016	10	3,920,939	5	2,393,800	232,747	484,579 *			
2017	20	1,531,444	3	1,892,800	372,511	491,268			
2018	13	1,356,930	5	4,443,750	405,426	507,672			
2019	7	2,179,000	3	655,000	746,951	502,654			

- (1) Information obtained from Building Administration Department. Includes only new residential and room additions to existing homes. Does not include remodeling, fences, etc. 2012 2016 includes detached garages and carports.
- (2) Information obtained from Building Administration Department. Includes only new commercial and building additions. Does not include remodeling.
- (3) Information obtained from local banks.
- (4) County Assessor determines based upon legislated relationship of actual property values to assessed values.

<sup>\*</sup>Beginning 2016, state assessed values are not included.

### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year										
Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Business Licenses Issued	988	714	678	741	712	720	669	709	647	689
Building Permits	140	116	143	138	166	130	144	162	183	10
Burial Permits	92	112	107	95	86	130	92	77	79	83
Area Transit Service										
Passengers	22,319	27,676	26,582	24,089	23,715	23,015	18,861	17,550	15,300	14,987
Fire Department										
Emergency response	160	160	175	275	355	329	357	141	124	231
Fires extinguished	62	60	39	74	141	108	79	70	85	63
Inspections	114	150	248	78	201	143	78	206	229	114
Police Department										
Physical arrests	725	772	727	808	1,009	811	910	304	304	737
Traffic stops	2,318	2,188	2,428	2,837	5,101	2,398	1,320	1,951	1,597	1,796
Traffic citations	1,187	459	746	934	1,512	1,377	1,131	840	497	786
Municipal Court										
Cases filed	1,465	1,501	1,724	1,705	1,526	1,428	1,475	1,476	1,227	1,341
Street Department										
Resurface/sealing (miles)	6.0	6.3			6.0		1.2		2	
Transfer Station										
Tons transported	1,338	1,630	1,587	1,490	1,619	1,650	1,475	1,597	1,240	1,420
Wastewater										
Sewage treated (mgls)	589.0	410.0	413.2	421.0	416.0	426.0	464.0	459.3	442.5	632.4
Sewer connections	4,369	4,436	4,283	4,282	4,300	4,354	4,396	4,271	4,321	4,354
Outdoor Pool Admissions	8,261	8,520	8,151	7,582	5,510	8,362	8,857	18,736	19,420	16,406
Indoor Pool Admissions	14,945	14,448	13,816	9,422	8,055	12,655	13,526	17,305	16,941	18,666

Source: City Department Heads

### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Area Transportation Service										
Vans, buses	5	5	5	4	3	4	4	4	4	4
Police										
Patrol units	8	8	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire										
Fire trucks	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Streets										
Miles	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	105
Number of streets	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180
Trucks with plows										
and spreaders	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
Parks										
Parks	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Acreage	129	129	129	129	129	129	129	129	129	129
Playgrounds	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Ball fields	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Soccer fields	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Swimming pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Transfer Station										
Container trucks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Compactors	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Containers	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Wastewater										
* Sanitary sewer (miles)	110	73	73	73	75	78	79	79	79	79
Plant capacity (mgl)	2	2	2	2	2	2	5	5	5	5
Sludge trucks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Vac. trucks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: City Department Heads

<sup>\* =</sup> years 2009 to 2010 were estimates by the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) 2011 to 2019 report actual GPS figures

## CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Administration	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Police										
Sworn	22	22	23	22	21	22	22	22	22	21
Civilian	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Municipal Court	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Department	14	12	13	13	13	13	13	13	14	14
Code Enforcement/										
Animal Shelter	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community Development	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Street	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	8
Parks and Recreation	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Wastewater	6	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Transfer Station	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cemetery	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
ATS	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total	72	73	72	74	72	71	72	71	72	72

Source: City Human Resources Department





### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF SALES TAX COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General (1%)	1,674,083	1,712,306	1,712,421	1,702,054	1,790,827	1,808,574	1,882,646	1,791,314	1,914,903	1,953,508
Transportation (0.25%)	394,442	402,987	405,058	404,053	420,939	428,728	449,869	428,256	457,336	464,945
Use (2.25%)	181,870	187,189	245,428	285,424	228,065	221,822	234,027	147,060	234,232	264,220
Park (0.25%)						423,693	442,558	427,799	457,786	464,796
Aquatic (0.25%)	394,441	402,986	405,057	404,053	420,938	5,135	3,651	519		
Community Center (0.25%)	394,549	403,005	405,082	404,059	421,070	428,717	224,794	1,070	37	
Sewer (0.5%)	837,067	856,085	856,166	851,030	895,374	904,254	471,631	2,180	75	
Additional City Storm										
Water/Local Parks (0.125%)									217,938	232,391
Mass Transportation (0.25%)									435,876	464,783
Fire Protection (0.25%)									435,876	464,783
	3,876,452	3,964,558	4,029,212	4,050,673	4,177,213	4,220,923	3,709,176	2,798,198	4,154,059	4,309,426





### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Clinton, Missouri

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the City of Clinton, Missouri, which comprise the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated January 7, 2020.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Clinton, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, that we consider to be a significant deficiency as item 2019-001.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Clinton, Missouri's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### City of Clinton, Missouri's Response to Findings

The City of Clinton, Missouri's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the City of Clinton, Missouri's response, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dana Flole+Company, LLP

Overland Park, Kansas January 7, 2020

### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

### 2019-001 RELIANCE UPON THE AUDITOR

### Criteria

As described in our engagement letter, management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls, including monitoring, and for the fair presentation of financial statements, including the notes to the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Condition

Management should possess the ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of financial statements under this basis of accounting requires that management possess the ability to properly record and classify transactions in a general ledger, reconcile all accounts, measure and record needed adjustments to the accounts, and prepare the financial statements and related disclosures without the assistance from the auditors. During our audit, we compiled a working trial balance from financial records provided by the City.

### Cause

City personnel do not obtain the expertise necessary to provide the auditors with a trial balance adjusted in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and to draft the year end financial statements, supplementary information, and notes to the financial statements.

### **Potential Effect**

The potential exists that a material misstatement of the financial statements could occur and not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

### Recommendation

We recommend that the City review and approve the proposed auditor adjusting entries and the adequacy of financial statement disclosures prepared by the auditors and apply analytic procedures to the draft financial statements to ensure that all assets and liabilities of the City are recorded, among other procedures as considered necessary by management.

### Views of Responsible Officials and Corrective Action Plan

The City relies on the auditor to propose adjustments necessary to prepare the financial statements including the related note disclosures. The City reviews such financial statements and approves all adjustments. The City also uses analytic procedures among other procedures necessary to complete the management's discussion and analysis.

### CITY OF CLINTON, MISSOURI SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

### 2018-001 RELIANCE UPON THE AUDITOR

Management should possess the ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of financial statements under this basis of accounting requires that management possess the ability to properly record and classify transactions in a general ledger, reconcile all accounts, measure and record needed adjustments to the accounts, and prepare the financial statements and related disclosures without the assistance from the auditors. As described in our engagement letter, management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls, including monitoring, and for the fair presentation of financial statements, including the notes to the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The potential exists that a material misstatement of the financial statements could occur and not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control. We recommended that the City review and approve the proposed auditor adjusting entries, the adequacy of financial statement disclosures prepared by the auditors, and apply analytic procedures to the draft financial statements among other procedures as considered necessary by management. This is a continuing finding as noted in the schedule of findings and responses as item 2019-001 for the year ended September 30, 2019.